Unit Performance Guide



STARTING AND SUSTAINING HIGH-QUALITY UNITS

National Alliances Team

Aolume 3. Second Edition

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA®

Unit Performance Guide (UPG)

Starting and Sustaining High-Quality Units

National Alliances Team Marketing Group

BSA Mission Statement

The mission of the Boy Scouts of America is to prepare young people to make ethical and moral choices over their lifetimes by instilling in them the values of the Scout Oath and Law.

Aims of Scouting

The aims of the Scouting movement are to build youth into quality citizens by building character, fostering citizenship, and promoting fitness.

Methods of Scouting

- Patrols
- Ideals
- Outdoors
- Advancement
- Association with adults
- Personal growth
- Leadership
- Uniform

Updates to this publication can be found at http://scoutingwire.org/marketing-membership

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Introduction

The business model for the Boy Scouts of America for many years was to create more units, which would provide for more youth in Scouting. Over time, that model resulted in the creation of units without a solid foundation for sustainment and an undesirable unit dissolution rate. necessitating a new approach to the challenges of unit creation and retention.

The Unit Performance Guide was developed in 2011 as a LEAN initiative to consolidate many separate pieces of literature into one resource designed to build sustainable new units and to strengthen existing units. Originally titled the New-Unit Retention Guide, this publication included a longstanding 12-step process for creating new units based on the structured sales call process from professional sales training, commissioner lessons, and enhancements of best practices.

This edition of the *Unit Performance Guide* has evolved to include results from a 2012 application of novel retention processes in 30 pilot councils. The process of building sustainable units requires purposeful thought, study, and investment in time and people for success. In four chapters, the *Unit Performance Guide* presents unit development and growth as four pillars of high-quality units. Patterned after the stages of team development taught in National Advanced Youth Leadership Experience (NAYLE) and Wood Badge courses, each pillar has a purpose and all are required collectively for success.

CHAPTER 1. KNOW THE MARKET

Team	Membership Team
Purpose	Research potential areas of growth for new units and grow existing units.
Measure of Success	13 percent market share

CHAPTER 2. MAKE THE CALL

Team	Relationships Team
Purpose	Nurture strong partner relationships to "make the call" to serve more youth.
Measure of Success	Growth in number of new Cub Scout packs

CHAPTER 3. BUILD THE UNIT

Team	Organizing Team
Purpose	Assemble an effective team with a dedicated new-unit commissioner.
Measure of Success	55 percent trained direct contact leaders

CHAPTER 4. GROW THE UNIT

Team	Unit Support Team
Purpose	Employ an active unit Key 3 and three years of new-unit commissioner service.
Measure of Success	2 percent growth, 94 percent retention, six commissioner unit visits

The pilot study in membership trends for councils that employed the practices outlined in this publication clearly indicated that a new baseline standard for creating new units has been established. With 70 percent of existing units chartered to religious organizations, these are the presupposed minimum startup criteria for building sustainable new units:

10 Youth

5 Adults

Unit Key 3

New-Unit Commissioner

Engaged Chartered Organization

Chartered Organization Sales Model

The processes described in the *Unit Performance Guide* are also based upon the following six-step chartered organization sales model, which promotes Scouting and supports the development of sustainable units. This model systematically builds capacity within a district to identify prospective chartered organizations, to approach prospects with an organizationcompatible youth program, and to support new units through training and personal attention. (See Appendix 21.)

1. Prospect

Network, gain referrals, generate leads, research, and develop prospect lists.

2. Build connections

Making contact with the prospect is the first part of building a connection. Spend time building the connection before presenting opportunities to new prospects.

3. Identify needs

Identifying needs of the organization increases the likelihood that the prospect will respond positively to your proposal. Listening helps identify the prospect's needs, allowing you to match the opportunities with the prospect.

4. Present opportunities

Scouting can meet the needs of many individuals and organizations. Meeting the prospect's needs and appealing to their values create a lasting relationship. Anticipate concerns and be prepared to develop a "win-win" for the prospect and Scouting.

5. Define commitment

To secure a commitment from the individual or organization, you must ask! Additional questions or concerns may be identified. Once a commitment is made by the prospect, action items for moving forward are identified.

6. Promote continuous cultivation

Delivering on the promises you make during the sales conversations is crucial. Provide training, coaching, and support to the prospect to assist them in achieving the commitment they have made. Strong follow-up builds credibility, solid connections and relationships, and trust, which become a foundation for additional sales and future referrals.

Membership Team—Identify potential chartered organizations for a new unit, make the call on that organization, organize new units, and recruit new members in a systematic way.

Relationships Team—Establish and maintain mutually beneficial relationships with major community organizations and institutions, both those that have Scouting units and those that do not.

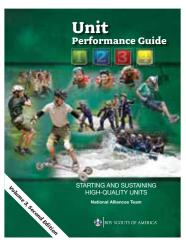
Organizing Team — Organization formally adopts the Scouting program, confirms the appointment of a chartered organization representative, and appoints an organizing team. The organizing team selects and recruits key leaders.

Unit Support Team—The unit support team helps grow the unit. The new-unit commissioner meets monthly with the unit Key 3 and helps the unit get through its first and second charter renewal cycles. The new-unit commissioner supports the unit in becoming a high-quality unit by working with Journey to Excellence and Voice of the Scout.

Unit Performance Guide Methodology

The BSA-approved strategy for starting and sustaining high-quality units

Four Pillars (Steps) of New-Unit Organization and Retention:



- 1. Know the Market
- 2. Make the Call
- 3. Build the Unit
- 4. Grow the Unit

1. Volunteer-driven, professionally guided.

The district executive, new-unit commissioner, and new-unit organizer all work together in the new-unit organization process. Professionals and volunteers partnering together help ensure the proper development of high-quality units.

2. A new-unit commissioner is assigned at the very start of the new-unit organization process.

Once the unit is organized, the commissioner serves the unit for three years to help it become a high-quality unit. There should be a 1:1 ratio—one new-unit commissioner for one new unit.

3. Organize every new (non-LDS) unit with at least 10 youth.

Starting with two dens or patrols or a crew of 10 helps ensure the unit has a good foundation to grow.

4. Recruit at least five adult unit volunteers.

Properly selected quality volunteers are important to the successful operation and sustainability of the new unit. Note: The chartered organization representative position should be a separate position and not a multiple position.

5. Develop the unit Key 3 concept.

The unit leader, committee chair, and chartered organization representative meet monthly. The assigned new-unit commissioner serves as the advisor to the meeting.

6. Focus on organizing the whole Scouting family.

The whole Scouting family normally includes a pack, a troop, and a crew chartered to the same organization. It can also include a Varsity Scout team or a Sea Scout ship.

Resources:

To access the *Unit Performance Guide*, visit http://scoutingwire.org/marketing-membership and click on "New Unit Development." It also is available in PDF format (English, No. 522-025; English/Spanish, No. 522-026); in EPUB file for iPhone, iPad, Nook, and Android devices; and in MOBI file for Kindle.

The Four Pillars of High-Quality Units

Team Responsibilities

Performance Process

Measures of Success

Membership Team

District Commissioner District Membership Chair District Executive

1. Know the Market

- □ Council Market Analysis Report
- Membership Reports
- Identify Chartered Organizations
- Whole Scouting Family
- New-Unit Commissioners Assigned
- Priority List of Prospective Chartered Organizations
- Vision Statements
- New-Unit Organizers Assigned

Gold Standard

Market Share 13%

Relationships Team

Institution Head Chartered Organization Representative District Executive Unit Commissioner Influential Scouter

2. Make the Call

- Preparation
- Structured Sales Calls
- Building Blocks of Scouting
- Program Benefits
- Chartered Organization Relationships Recruited
- ☐ Chartered Organization Representatives
- ☐ Chartered Organization Checklist
- ☐ Set Appointment With Institution Head
- Secure and Define Commitment
- Develop Team to Oversee Establishment of Visit

Gold Standard

Growth in Number of New Cub Scout Packs

Organizing Team

New-Unit Commissioner New-Unit Organizer District Training Team District Executive JTE Committee Members

3. Build the Unit

- ☐ Recruit and Train at Least Five Primary Registered Adult Volunteers for Unit
- Organize Team
- Select Quality Leaders
- ☐ Train Unit Leadership
- Unit Program Planning
- ☐ Recruit 10 or More Youth
- ☐ Formalize Fundraising, Recruitment, Leadership Succession, and Budget Plans
- Recognitions

Gold Standard

Trained Direct Contact Leaders

Unit Key 3:

- Unit Committee Chair
- Unit Leader
- Chartered Organization Representative

New-Unit Commissioner Unit Committee Members

- Journey to Excellence
- Voice of the Scout

- ☐ Unit Key 3 meets monthly
- Unit Reporting Tools
- Recruiting Youth Members
- Successful Unit Meetings
- Unit Performance
- □ Commissioner Service
 - Unit Self-Assessments
 - Develop Unit Service Plan
 - Commissioner Tools
 - Charter Presentations
- First Charter Renewal With More Than 10

Youth, 5 Adults, and at Least a Bronze JTE Score

Second Charter Renewal

Gold Standard

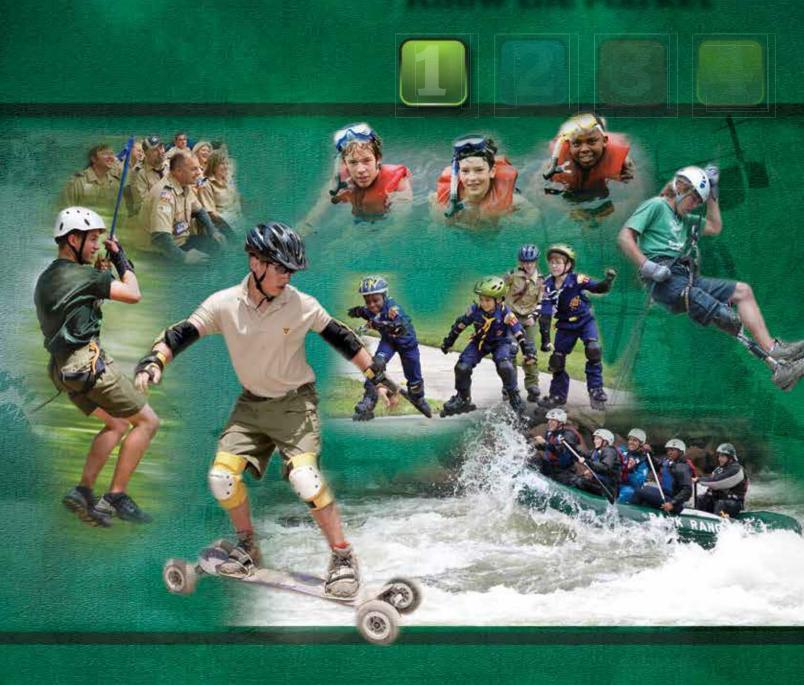
Membership Growth 2%

> Retention Rate 94%

Commissioner Unit Visits Per Year

6

Know the Market



Know the Market

Team Responsibilities

Performance Process

Measures of Success

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Gold Standard

Trained Direct Contact Leaders

Unit Key 3:

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- Unit Leader
- Chartered Organization Representative

New-Unit Commissioner Unit Committee Members

- Journey to Excellence
- Voice of the Scout

- ☐ Unit Key 3 meets monthly
- Unit Reporting Tools
- □ Recruiting Youth Members Successful Unit Meetings
- Unit Performance
- ☐ Commissioner Service
 - Unit Self-Assessments
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 - Charter Presentations
- First Charter Renewal With More Than 10

Youth, 5 Adults, and at Least a Bronze JTE Score

Second Charter Renewal

Gold Standard

Membership Growth 2%

> Retention Rate 94%

Commissioner Unit Visits Per Year 6

Chapter 1. **Know the Market**

Measure of Success: 13% Market Density

When you begin a journey, you must first plan the trip. It is the same when you're planning to start a new unit. First, you must decide where you are going, and then you do research to determine the best way to get to your final destination. The new-unit process takes systemic planning and teamwork. Organizing sustainable new units is a journey.

Experienced volunteers and professionals in the Boy Scouts of America have learned that one person alone cannot effectively organize a new unit. Building and sustaining high-quality units takes a team of dedicated people—both volunteer and professional—working together throughout the entire process. It takes a district to support a unit. You will find in this resource guide that every performance process listed has a specific team assigned with specific responsibilities, which is the key to proper new-unit development.

The five major components that will lead to traditional membership growth are found in Scouting's Journey to Excellence:

- Membership measures
- Leadership and governance measures
- Finance measures
- Program measures, volunteer engagement
- Unit-service measures

Membership Team. The key people responsible for knowing your market research include the district membership chair, district commissioner, and district executive.

Unit Performance Guide. The Unit Performance Guide was first published in 2011 as a onestop reference for starting and sustaining high-quality units. The *Unit Performance Guide* was further developed and field-tested during a 2012 pilot program in order to reverse the national trend of dropping units faster than adding new ones. This publication establishes the best practice criteria for starting a new unit:

10 Youth

5 Adults

Unit Key 3

New-Unit Commissioner

Engaged Chartered Organization

Amazing Results. The councils that participated in the pilot program had an average 33 percent higher success rate compared to other councils. Here are some important findings:

- 85 percent responded that the consolidated Tools of the Trade sections were very helpful.
- 92.8 percent found the new-unit Key 3 concept effective.
- 78 percent found the *Unit Performance Guide* process effective.
- On average, councils implementing even part of the *Unit Performance Guide* concepts realized seven or more new units and less than one (0.36) dropped unit during the pilot program.
- On average, pilot councils had 18.8 percent fewer dropped units, while nonpilot councils had 14.5 percent more dropped units for a 33.3 percent higher success rate when implementing Unit Performance Guide practices.

Plan for success. Start no unit before its time.

District Nominating Committee

Establishing a new unit begins with the district nominating committee. As committee members do their work each year, it is critical that they nominate people whose skills and attributes lend themselves to the functions of the committees upon which they will serve. The functions of the membership team and the relationships team are listed later in this chapter. A wide variety of skills will be needed to fulfill these functions: analytical skills, salesmanship skills, organizational skills, training skills, and personal relationship skills. While it is the district chair that will be assigning members of the district committee to various committees, it is important that the nominating committee be aware of the needs of the district. Obviously it will take more than one individual to accomplish these tasks.

Council Market Analysis Report

The Council Market Analysis Report (CMAR) provides demographic and lifestyle information specific to each council. The analysis provides information about the cultures, values, and attitudes of your council's members and about youth who live in your council area who are not being served. Maps and tables in the report include numbers, percentages, indexes, and lifestyle information. By analyzing this information, you will be able to:

- Meet the needs of your current members
- Recruit more members who are similar to the ones you currently serve
- Attract more youth in underserved communities
- Find community partners and sponsors
- Target and appeal to new chartered organizations

The Council Market Analysis Report is available as a PDF to all Scouting professionals by logging on to their MyBSA account at www.mybsa.org. Click on "Resources" and then click on "Council Market Analysis Reports" in the BSA Resources list.

The CMAR should be distributed to all volunteer membership teams.

To view your council's information, select by region, area, and headquarters city. Download a PDF of the report, and view data tables in Excel format. Councils that organize districts by zip codes will have total youth available (TAY) research already completed and will easily put JTE market share and membership/youth growth goals into the hands of their membership committees.

COUNCIL MOSAIC PROFILES

One particularly useful feature of the Council Market Analysis Report is the presentation of Experian's Mosaic segments to provide summary demographic and lifestyle information for households within your council. These segments identify population groups according to common features, including, among others:

- Ethnicity, culture, and languages
- Values, attitudes, and religious and political preferences
- Consumer and entertainment preferences

The CMAR presents Cub Scout membership census data by Mosaic segment, providing data useful to membership committees. It is possible to identify segments that your council serves well, such as in the following chart:

Cluster-Description	Cub Scout Members	% of Total Cub Scout Membership	Total Households in Council Area	% of All Households in Council Area	% of Cub Scouts in Segment	Index
B07- Generational Soup	103	3.97%	3,515	1.86%	2.93%	2.1
C14– Boomers and Boomerangs	338	13.02%	15,458	8.19%	2.19%	1.6
K37- Wired for Success	10	0.39%	1,028	0.54%	0.97%	0.7

The sample above shows that:

- 13.02 percent (338 boys) of the council's Cub Scouts are identified as belonging to the Boomers and Boomerangs segment.
- 15,458 (8.19 percent) of the households in the council area are identified as Boomers and Boomerangs.

The index is calculated to show that a youth in the Boomers and Boomerangs segment is 1.6 times more likely to join Cub Scouts compared to the average Cub Scout in the council. The recruitment strategies that the council currently uses appeal to youth in these households.

The CMAR may also be used to look for new Cub Scouts in the Mosaic segments that your council does not satisfactorily reach, as shown in the following chart:

Cluster-Description	Cub Scout Members	% of Total Cub Scout Membership	Total Households in Council Area	% of All Households in Council Area	% of Cub Scouts in Segment	Index
N48-Gospel and Grits	121	0.55%	11,326	0.73%	1.07%	0.7
D18–Soulful Spenders	690	3.14%	66.318	4.30%	1.04%	0.7
J36-Settled and Sensible	63	0.29%	6,147	0.40%	1.02%	0.7

The sample above shows that:

- 3.14 percent (690 boys) of the council's Cub Scouts are identified as Soulful Spenders.
- 66,318 (4.30 percent) of the households in the council area are identified as Soulful Spenders.

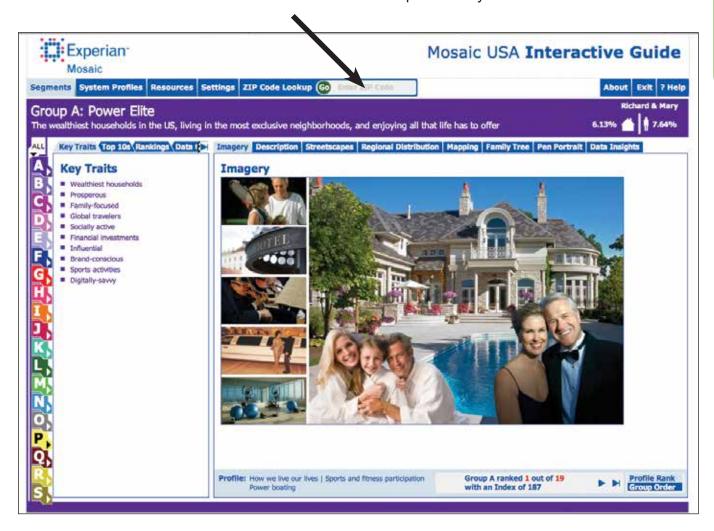
The index shows that a youth in the Soulful Spenders segment is less likely (0.7 times) to join Cub Scouts compared to the average Cub Scout the council serves. However, we can see that there are many households in this council area that are considered targets for recruitment. The council should research the Soulful Spenders segment and determine what needs to be done differently to reach this population.

HOW TO USE THIS ANALYSIS

These excerpts from a CMAR illustrate how to find membership opportunities in districts.

Know the Market

Study the Mosaic descriptions of the zip codes in your council area. You can do this by using the Mosaic USA Interactive Guide, available at http://guides.business-strategies.co.uk/ mosaicusa2011/html/visualisation.htm. Then enter a zip code in your council area.



Browse through the description pages and charts to learn about the people and cultures in your council area.

Study the Cub Scout tables of zip codes in your council area.

High market share						
and high gap: this is where your current members live. Examine best		C Total Cub Scout TAY	Total Cub Scout Members	E Total Cub Scout Market Share	F Cub Scouts Expected	G Gap
practices here.		1,287	247	19.19%	167	80
Low market share and		57	20	35.09%	0	20
high negative gap: this is where boys like the ones		3,019	68	2.25%	242	-174
you currently serve live.		1,574	122	7.75%	291	-169
Start new units here.		3,682	56	1.52%	251	-195
High TAY and low market	,	3,335	260	7.80%	574	-314
share: this is your underserved population.		362	68	18.78%	46	22
Grow units here.						

Before recruiting new youth, learn more about the youth you currently serve.

- Identify units in these areas that have consistent retention and recruitment and look to these for "best practices."
- Plan day camps and district events at geographically convenient locations.
- Identify the number of Cub Scouts in each Mosaic segment by ethnicity and use these numbers:
 - -On United Way applications
 - —To find sponsors for project sales

Recruit other youth like those you are already serving.

- Look at the zip codes with a negative gap.
 - —If the negative gap is greater than –50, look for new chartered organizations.
 - —If the negative gap is less than -50, look for units already established in these areas and encourage them to reach out to youth in their area.
- Make Scouts more visible in these zip codes.
 - -Encourage units to perform service projects-identifiable as BSA projects-in these areas.
 - Hold district events nearby.

- Put up fliers in the businesses that serve the Mosaic segments of council members.
 - For joining opportunities
 - —To advertise events

Recruit youth in all markets.

- Study the Mosaic profiles to learn about the cultures, attitudes, and preferences of the families in the underserved areas of your council.
- Refer to the data tables in the report to learn the racial/ethnic breakdown in each zip code.
- Study available resources to learn how to approach multicultural markets and the Millennial generation. (See the list of available resources on page 7 of the CMAR.)
- Prepare to convey the values and benefits of Scouting to both Millennial parents and emerging cultures that may not have had a Scouting tradition.
- Make Scouting more visible in your target areas.
 - -Run PSAs on the radio stations preferred by your targeted segments.
 - -Place billboards in these neighborhoods.
 - —Send direct mail to selected zip codes or selected Mosaic segments.
 - -Encourage units to perform service projects-identifiable as BSA projects-in targeted neighborhoods.
 - -Hold district events nearby.
- Look for new chartered organizations that currently serve the segments you are trying to reach and collaborate with them to reach these youth.

Membership Reports

There are two district reports in MyBSA with which professionals must be familiar: the Objectives Progress Report and the District Totals Report. These reports are listed by unit number and give a monthly snapshot of the number of youth served in each program and in their chartered organization. These reports should be shared with council and district committee members.

Objectives Progress Report. This report (see Appendix 2) is a goal-oriented report that gives a summary of member and unit statistics by program and shows last year-end, last-year, and this-month totals. The report also shows current-month goals and year-end goals that have been entered by the local council. In addition, the report shows totals for Journey to Excellence Units, Total Unit Commissioners, Total District Committee Members, Top Leaders Trained. Rechartered Units Year to Date, Total Youth Population, and Total Youth Density by program. This information is very helpful in establishing and assessing progress toward several Journey to Excellence goals, including membership.

District Totals Report. This report (see Appendix 3) gives membership statistics by program for last year, last month, and this month enumerated by youth, adults, units, and Boys' Life subscriptions. In addition, the report shows current On-Time Charter Renewal, Quality Unit, Top Leader Trained, 100% Boys' Life, Chartered Organization name, and Expire Date by unit sorted by district and then program. This information is used to determine the status of youth, adult, and chartered organizations. It can help determine whole Scouting family opportunities and motivate inventory and progress urgency.

Identify Chartered Organizations

Youth markets are identified through the use of total available youth, or TAY—the number of youth in an area who meet BSA membership requirements. When surveying communities of youth in an area, it is critical to identify appropriate chartered organizations.

Local organizations are granted a charter by the Boy Scouts of America to operate one or more Scouting units (see "The Whole Scouting Family"). The chartered organization agrees to:

- Conduct Scouting in accordance with its own policies and guidelines as well as those of the BSA.
- Include Scouting as part of its overall program for youth and families.
- Appoint a chartered organization representative who is a member of the organization and is an important member of the unit Key 3. He or she will represent their chartered organization as a member at large in the district and council, serving as a voting member.
- Select a unit committee of parents and members of the organization who will screen and then select the best unit leaders who will meet the leadership standards of both the organization and the BSA.
- Provide adequate and secure facilities for Scouting units to meet on a regular schedule with a time and place reserved.
- Encourage the units to participate in outdoor experiences.

Nearly 109,000 Scouting units are owned and operated by chartered organizations. Of these, a total of 70.3 percent of all units are chartered to faith-based organizations.

Largest Faith-Based Chartered Organizations	Total Units	Total Youth
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints	37,856	430,557
United Methodist Church	10,868	363,876
Catholic Church	8,397	273,648
Presbyterian Church	3,597	125,523
Lutheran Church	3,827	116,417
Baptist Church	3,981	108,353

Some 22.0 percent of all units are chartered to civic organizations.

Largest Community Chartered Organizations	Total Units	Total Youth
Groups of citizens	3,115	100,751
American Legion and Auxiliary	2,553	68,154
Business/industry	2,807	66,454
Lions International	2,271	64,563

And 7.6 percent of all units are chartered to educational organizations.

Largest Educational Chartered Organizations	Total Units	Total Youth
Parent-teacher groups other than PTAs	3,443	144,219
Private schools	2,802	103,254
Parent Teacher Association/Parent Teacher Organizations	1,561	65,567

DETERMINING THE YOUTH MARKET

The organizing team surveys the youth market. It is important to get to know the potential unit leaders and chartered organizations, and to study the research data to ensure there is an available opportunity before making the call on a chartered organization. Rigorous preparation, organization, and planning produce greater success. Determining the youth available in a zip code may include use of total available youth (TAY), or the number of youth in an area who meet BSA membership requirements. It may also include the Council Market Analysis Report, Objectives Progress Report, District Totals Report, boy-fact survey, high school survey, and BeAScout (see Appendix 15) to pinpoint the location of existing units on a map. Knowing your market should help determine the following:

- The location of underserved areas
- The location of public schools, charter schools, home-schooling associations, school expansions, police departments, fire departments, municipal housing authorities, or other after-school programs that could benefit from the organization of new units (Note: Public schools and government organizations usually do not serve as chartered organizations.)
- New religious institutions being organized that may want to use Scouting with their youth members
- Other community organizations in the district that serve youth, such as service clubs, veterans groups, educational hobby clubs, community centers, public housing, religious organizations, and others
- Current chartered organizations without the whole Scouting family

RESEARCHING POTENTIAL CHARTERED ORGANIZATIONS

After potential chartered organizations have been identified, find out everything possible about their purpose, structure, leadership, and history of youth and community involvement. Find out the following:

- What potential adult unit leaders does the organization have?
- How adequate are the organization's program resources?
- How compatible are the organization's values and goals with those of the BSA?
- What facilities can the organization provide for an adequate meeting space?
- What are the costs associated with using the organization's facilities?
- What Scouts are already members of the organization?
- Do they currently have a youth program in their organization? If so, what ages do they serve?
- What other similar organizations already use the Scouting program?

Prospect sources:

- Existing chartered organizations
- www.USAChurch.com
- www.city-data.com
- www.manta.com
- Chamber of Commerce list
- Service club directory
- School parent-teacher organizations
- Home-school organizations
- Driving through neighborhoods and communities
- Worship pages of your local newspaper

Research tools:

- Organization website
- Social media
- Local newspapers and magazines; use searchable archives
- Information from new-unit volunteers
- Information from key volunteers
- Fact sheets; http://scoutingwire.org/marketing-membership

PRIORITIZE THE ORGANIZATIONS

After potential organizations have been researched, list them in order from the most promising to the least promising for potentially working with Scouting. Track the information you gather on one shared master list. Research prospects weekly, spending time to research facts about the organization's mission, contacts, current youth programs, and structure. Establish goals on leading indicators, such as number of new contacts made and number of face-to-face visits conducted.

The Whole Scouting Family

The whole Scouting family comprises a traditional Cub Scout pack, Boy Scout troop, and Venturing crew. Optionally, a Varsity team or Sea Scout ship may also be chartered. One of the best sources of unit and membership growth is to help an existing chartered organization in starting all three unit types in the whole Scouting family.

Many chartered organizations may operate only a pack or a troop. However, there is a likely market for the whole Scouting family within the organization. By combining the Council Market Analysis Report and interest surveys with a map of chartered organizations without the whole Scouting family, a district membership committee can highlight opportunities for unit expansion.

It is important that the chartered organization's existing units are strong and that the chartered organization representative is engaged in the Scouting program. Commissioner services should be provided at the very beginning of the new-unit organization process to help strengthen the unit and establish the important relationship prior to approaching the chartered organization regarding expansion.

Look on the www.scouting.org/membership Web page and select one of the categories below Chartered Organizations to determine whether the chartered organization (community, education, outdoor, religious) has a Memorandum of Understanding (see Appendix 24) as a national affiliate with the BSA.

In forming new units with an established chartered organization, it is easier to move up the ladder of Scouting. A strong **Cub Scout pack** with involved family members, both siblings and adults, form the backbone of a healthy organization. As the youth move through Cub Scouting into Boy Scouting, the family members tend to stay involved, forming strong, healthy committees to support a new **Boy Scout troop.** Families that have girls as well as boys approaching Venturing age create the beginnings of a new Venturing crew. Moving up the ladder from Cub Scout packs to Venturing crews is easier than moving from crew to pack, but the ladder can be navigated in either direction with strong chartered organizations and interested youth and leaders.

Varsity Scout teams are generally chartered to the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints churches in the community. A ward is an organizational component of the LDS church. Through its youth ministry, it may already have an existing Cub Scout pack and Boy Scout troop, and should be encouraged to start a Varsity team as well. Varsity teams are specifically tailored to the LDS church's program for serving older boys, and LDS Venturing crews serve the 17- to 18-year-old pre-missionary boys. These programs may help LDS wards retain their older boys in Scouting.

A **Sea Scout ship** is a special type of Venturing crew, with its own organization and advancement system oriented toward seamanship. A ship rather than a Venturing crew may be chartered to an organization if its members prefer the focus of the Sea Scouting program, or a chartered organization with a Venturing crew may also have a Sea Scout ship if there is sufficient interest.

New-Unit Commissioners

NEW-UNIT COMMISSIONER

The new-unit commissioner holds a special place in the formation of a new unit. The new-unit commissioner's role begins with the very conception of the new-unit organization process (step 1) by working closely with the district executive, supporting the new-unit organizer, and becoming a familiar and consistent liaison between the chartered organization representative and the district. The new-unit commissioner will need to put in place at the beginning of the organizational process a functional succession plan of leadership while providing support to the newly recruited key leaders. In many cases, the new-unit commissioner will be the go-to person serving as a coach, mentor, and consultant by laying a strong foundation around which the new unit can form and, it is hoped, continue for a long time.

As described in the Journey to Excellence recognition program, being a new-unit commissioner is a worthwhile long-term volunteer commitment that will generally last at least three years. The new-unit commissioner will need to serve longer than the generally accepted two-year tenure of other district volunteer leaders because new units need careful watching, support, guidance, mentoring, and assistance through several charter renewal cycles to ensure unit sustainability.

While it is typical and acceptable for most unit commissioners to be assigned several units and have a longer tenure, the length and intensity of service given by the new-unit commissioner adds to the importance of this position. They are also asked to be assigned to only one unit. With this in mind, what motivates a volunteer to become a new-unit commissioner and serve only one unit for three full years? Because they truly believe that when a new unit is organized, the BSA made a promise to those families that their sons (or daughters in Venturing) would have a real Scouting experience. It is a promise that really needs to be kept.

Experienced unit commissioners often say it would be much more exciting to "raise a unit in the way it should go" than to monitor an existing unit.

New-unit commissioners may derive even greater satisfaction from their new role than other unit commissioners simply because they can take pride in the creation process and watch the unit grow and be sustained over many years.

So, who would make a good new-unit commissioner?

A new-unit commissioner can be an experienced commissioner who specializes in new-unit service and has had some specialized training. Ideally, this commissioner will have a reduced unit workload and is committed to serving this one unit for the full three years the unit will be considered "new." The role the new-unit commissioner plays is much like that of troop guide not a member of the unit but a mentor who helps the unit leadership become a high-performing team. Once the unit becomes independent, the new-unit commissioner should be replaced with a traditional unit commissioner, freeing the new-unit commissioner to begin again with another unit.

The new-unit commissioner will need to give this unit extra service in addition to the unit service plan. That service is described in the section "Commissioner Unit Service Plan." While an experienced commissioner is preferred, the new-unit commissioner could also be a volunteer who is at least 21 years old, such as an Arrowman, former camp staff member, or Eagle Scout who serves under the mentorship and guidance of an experienced commissioner such as an assistant district commissioner or district commissioner. Such an individual can be an excellent

candidate to start with one new unit. Any Scouter who fits this description and is willing to make this commitment would make a good new-unit commissioner. It is important to have a dedicated new-unit commissioner when building sustainable new units.

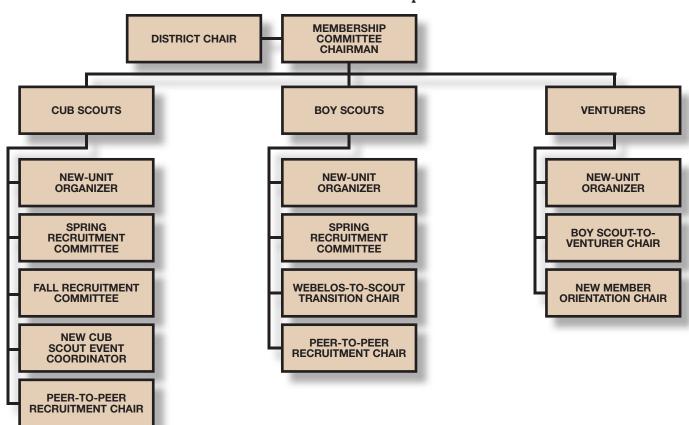
NEW-UNIT ORGANIZER

During unit formation, the new-unit organizer and the new-unit commissioner work closely together.

Market research and determining who to approach to become a chartered organization are membership decisions. The district executive and district commissioner will work with the membership team as they go through this process. Once a decision is made to start a new unit, a new-unit commissioner is immediately assigned to that potential unit and begins to work closely with the new-unit organizer. The district commissioner then signs off on the New-Unit Application.

When calling on the prospective chartered organization, the new-unit commissioner may go along on this call, but it is the new-unit organizer's meeting. The new-unit organizer could be an influential Scouter, an individual experienced in sales, a key volunteer, or an individual who knows the prospective organization and community.

The District Membership Committee



The district membership committee is primarily responsible for fostering productive relationships with community organizations, the organization of new units in order to provide opportunities for youth membership growth, and district-wide youth recruitment.

Cultivation of present chartered organizations is extremely important. This is done through continuous expressions of appreciation, invitations to organizational heads to visit Scouting events, and recognitions for tenure and exemplary support from organizations. The relationship function at the district level is not as formalized as at the council level. It is mainly a "door opening" function that follows up efforts made by the council membership/relationship committee. A committee member for each of the three major categories of organization—religious. educational, and community—can be added on a district level if there is a need.

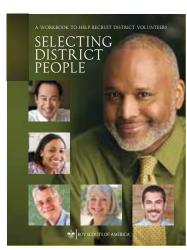
New-unit organization and unit reorganization are major responsibilities of the membership committee. All new-unit organization originates with this committee, and unit reorganization is generally done in cooperation with the commissioner staff, which has the ongoing responsibility of renewing unit charters. Commissioners are accountable for keeping units alive and healthy, but they often need the support of the membership committee to help get units organized, and sometimes reorganized so they work with new-unit organizers.

Instead of a planning body, the district membership committee is an action group. It conducts the events and activities that will reach out to serve more youth.

DISTRICT MEMBERSHIP CHAIR

The district membership chair is responsible to the district chair and serves on the council membership/relationships committee. The person who fills this role must have leadership ability and the capacity to manage a team working on a variety of activities. The chair needs to be able to motivate committee members and to inspire them to meet district membership objectives. The chair must be a good adult recruiter.

Use Selecting District People, No. 34512, to determine the number of people needed on this committee for your district.



RECRUITING VOLUNTEERS

- Every district Key 3 should be held accountable to have a volunteer recruitment action plan in place to fill their key vacancies with qualified volunteers to serve as commissioners and membership chairs, as well as other district committee members. This is one of the most important roles of the district Key 3: to select quality volunteers and then recruit, train, motivate, and recognize them. The district Key 3 recruitment plan is an ongoing, yearround process. It should be scheduled in the Key 3's weekly action plan.
- Once recruited, the district Key 3 should ensure their new volunteers receive proper training as soon as possible.
- New volunteers should have a position description, an organization chart, and a clear understanding of their position and assigned duties.
- These volunteers need to take ownership and be held accountable while simultaneously being given the proper guidance for their position.
- Most importantly, motivate and recognize them for their service and tenure.

Know Our Chartered Organizations

PLANNING THE SALES CALL

This approach works well for the initial contact with a prospective organization: Ask if you may come and discuss something you feel is very important to the community and a way to help their organization's membership grow. If possible, don't go into more detail on the phone. If asked what this is about, simply state that it is related to the youth of the community and you would like to elicit their input and ideas and share some of your own. Don't be evasive, but save the "sale" for the personal visit. Allow 30 minutes for the initial visit.

This is a two-step process: fact, need, and information gathering, then making the presentation.

FACT, NEED, AND INFORMATION GATHERING (MEETING THE NEEDS OF THE PROSPECTS)

You should visit with the head of the prospective organization to gather facts and information and to determine the organization's needs before you make the sales presentation mentioned in Chapter 3. This visit involves active listening. Listen carefully. Find out about the organization's goals and dreams. What are the challenges? Then you will be able to determine how Scouting can help the organization meet its needs.

A typical conversation may lead to questions such as:

- What is your organization doing in our community?
- What should you be doing?
- What roadblocks keep your organization from achieving those objectives?
- Who else from your organization should I talk to?

COMPLETING THE PROFILE

Following that initial visit and prior to the sales presentation, complete the background information about the organization and the community. Address details such as:

- Total available youth (TAY) in the organization's membership
- Total available youth in the surrounding community
- Members of the organization who are already Scouters
- Similar organizations that use the Scouting program
- The organization's community service efforts
- The organization's past affiliation with Scouting, if any

See the New-Unit Prospect Profile Worksheet online at www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/nupp.pdf.

Vision Statements

To ensure the future of Scouting, organizations, units, and leaders must understand what commitments and planning will be required to support their youth in both the short and long terms. They will need to properly communicate their vision of Scouting with others so more volunteers, parents, and youth will join the program. Understanding a shared vision is a critical leadership skill, and is a fundamental key to high-quality units. After reviewing market analysis data, the new-unit organizing team can support a chartered organization and unit leadership as they develop a vision statement.

Every organization should have a well-defined goal or vision of what a new Scouting unit will do for their organization. They might not realize how to measure its success—or lack of success without a proper vision statement. Some examples are:

SAMPLE VISION STATEMENT FOR A NEW CHARTERED ORGANIZATION

In establishing Troop 308, FUMC hopes to provide enrichment opportunities for strengthening families with lifelong experiences that capture fun and excitement for youth with the support of their parents or caregivers, and will encourage their spiritual development based on the ideals and values of the Scouting program.

UNIT VISION STATEMENTS

- 1. Using the values of Scouting and the methods of Cub Scouting, Pack 308 hopes to establish a Cub Scout program that will support each individual Cub Scout's personal development and provide a vehicle for parents that helps them in raising their son as well as strengthening family relationships and preparing the Cub Scout for Boy Scouting.
- 2. Troop 308 seeks to provide a Scout program based on the values of Scouting that will encourage a youth to develop his leadership and personal relationship skills, provide opportunities for the Scout to participate in the adventures Scouting offers, and allow him to advance at his own pace and reach his full potential.
- 3. Venturing Crew 308 will provide an exciting and relevant Scouting-based program that will attract and hold older teens—both young men and women—offering travel, leadership and personal development, skills development, and fun.

A vision has the following characteristics.

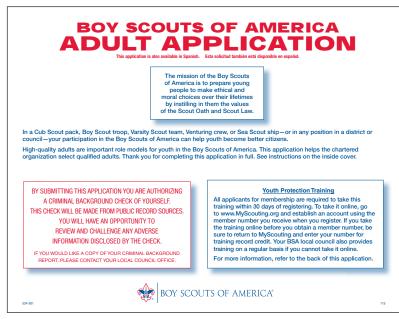
- 1. It presents a clear picture of success.
- 2. It inspires action.
- 3. It is realistic (achievable).
- 4. It creates and maintains momentum.
- 5. It is positive.
- It is dynamic rather than static.

Organizing teams and unit support teams might brainstorm different types of visions that could be used during meetings with chartered organizations and potential unit leaders to help align the mission of both organizations.

A well-defined vision statement could be the motivational common bond that attracts new and young families to your organization. It can be added into the BeAScout.org description of the chartered organization.

How to Start a New Unit











Make the Call

Team Responsibilities

Performance Process

Measures of Success

Membership Team

District Commissioner District Membership Chair District Executive

1. Know the Market

- Council Market Analysis Report
- Membership Reports
- ☐ Identify Chartered Organizations
- Whole Scouting Family
- New-Unit Commissioners Assigned
- Priority List of Prospective Chartered Organizations
- Vision Statements
- New-Unit Organizers Assigned

Gold Standard

Market Share 13%

Relationships Team

Institution Head Chartered Organization Representative District Executive Unit Commissioner Influential Scouter

2. Make the Call

- Preparation ☐ Structured Sales Calls
- Building Blocks of Scouting
- Program Benefits
- Chartered Organization Relationships Recruited
- ☐ Chartered Organization Representatives
- ☐ Chartered Organization Checklist
- ☐ Set Appointment With Institution Head
- Secure and Define Commitment
- Develop Team to Oversee Establishment of Visit

Gold Standard

Growth in Number of New **Cub Scout Packs**

Organizing Team

New-Unit Commissioner New-Unit Organizer District Training Team District Executive JTE Committee Members

3. Build the Unit

- ☐ Recruit and Train at Least Five Primary Registered Adult Volunteers for Unit
- Organize Team
- Select Quality Leaders
- □ Train Unit Leadership
- Unit Program Planning
- ☐ Recruit 10 or More Youth
- Formalize Fundraising, Recruitment, Leadership Succession, and Budget Plans
- Recognitions

Gold Standard

Trained Direct Contact Leaders

Unit Key 3:

- Unit Committee Chair
- Unit Leader
- Chartered Organization Representative

New-Unit Commissioner Unit Committee Members

- Journey to Excellence
- Voice of the Scout

- ☐ Unit Key 3 meets monthly
- Unit Reporting Tools
- □ Recruiting Youth Members
- Successful Unit Meetings
- Unit Performance ☐ Commissioner Service
 - Unit Self-Assessments
 - Develop Unit Service Plan
 - Commissioner Tools
 - Charter Presentations
- First Charter Renewal With More Than 10

Youth, 5 Adults, and at Least a Bronze JTE Score

Second Charter Renewal

Gold Standard

Membership Growth 2%

> Retention Rate 94%

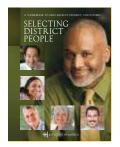
Commissioner Unit Visits Per Year 6

Chapter 2. Make the Call

Measure of Success: Growth in number of new Cub Scout packs

Preparation

Now that the organizing team has completed its research and developed a strategic and realistic list of new-unit prospects, it is time to start implementing the new-unit plan.



In this chapter you will learn about the second phase of new-unit organization, including the key components you need before, during, and after approaching a prospective chartered organization. This is when important first impressions are made and the potential chartered organization is introduced to the programs of the Boy Scouts of America.



The key volunteers needed to form your unit support team are the newunit organizer, the new-unit commissioner, the district training team, and an influential Scouter. A helpful publication to guide the prospecting and identification of qualified volunteers is Selecting District People, located among commissioners' resources at: www.scouting.org/filestore/commissioner/ pdf/34512_WB.pdf.

An additional source for developing potential volunteers is *Friendstorming on* Tour, No. 510-003, available on MyBSA and through your council office.

Structured Sales Calls

MAKE THE CALL

When approaching a prospective chartered organization, first select two or three people to make the sales call. One is not enough, and more than three may be intimidating. Choose the presentation team from the following:

- New-unit organizer
- New-unit commissioner
- District executive
- Scouter who is a member of the prospective chartered organization. Remember, people do business with those they know, like, and trust.
- Influential community leader who is a Scouter

Before the sales call, determine who will take the lead role and who will fill supporting roles. Enter the conversation with a mindset of providing service to the prospect. Use escalating questions to increase your credibility.

The sales call should not last longer than 45 minutes. The vast majority of the volunteer's and professional's time should be asking questions and listening to the head of the prospective organization, not talking. Try to stay on track, unless the person you are calling on decides to tell stories about their Scouting experiences.

Desired Outcomes for This Visit

- Option 1: Pique curiosity and request another appointment with the decision maker(s): "Thank you for sharing this information with me about your organization. I believe there are some ways we could work together to achieve your goals. I would like to take some time to prepare some ideas for you. Could we schedule a time next week to continue our conversation? Today is _____. Would next (match the day) work well for you, or would (one day earlier) work better?"
- Option 2: Present an opportunity for the prospect to determine interest. Prepare a customized executive summary to identify benefits and features of Scouting to meet the organization's needs. Increase your success by addressing as many needs as possible.

Define Commitment

- 1. Identify the decision maker. Be sure you are talking with the person who can make the final decision.
- 2. Review the chartered organization concept. Do not undersell the chartered organization role.
- 3. Ask for the commitment. The most influential person makes the ask. "Do you see how our organizations can work together to address (prospect's need or desire)?" "Would your organization be willing to work with the Boy Scouts of America to bring (prospect's need or desire) to youth and families?" Remember not to speak after you have asked for the commitment.

Action Steps

- Get the chartered organization agreement signed by the organization and the appropriate Scouting representative.
- The executive officer appoints a qualified individual from the organization to serve as the chartered organization representative.
- Schedule an organizing team meeting where members of the chartered organization will be oriented to the timeline of the new-unit organization process.
- Before you leave, secure dates for the next meeting to keep the process moving forward.
- Congratulate the new chartered organization! Have key volunteers send personalized welcome notes.

Questions for a leader of a faith community:

- What are your current youth programs? Tell me which one you are most proud of.
- How are your current youth programs meeting your expectations?
- What are your top three concerns regarding youth today?
- Why did you pick those? Can you tell me more about that?
- Tell us about your outreach ministries or services to the community.
- What is the average age of your congregation?
- What do you feel are the most important issues facing families today?
- What do you think your faith community can do to help?
- Do you use camps or outdoor programs with your youth?
- Have you ever considered Scouting to address your concerns?
- Where do you see your faith-based organization five or 10 years from now?

Questions for a president of a service club:

- What is your club's focus for the next two years?
- What are your concerns about youth in our community?
- How is your club addressing these needs?
- Why is that important?
- What types of service projects does your club do?
- How does that work for you?
- How does your club serve children and families?
- What would you like to see made more available to children?
- Why is this important?
- Have you ever considered Scouting to address your concerns?

Questions for a parent-teacher group:

- What are your top concerns? Why?
- What collaborative efforts already exist?
- What collaborative efforts could exist to match community resources with schools?
- What is important to the children and families in your school?
- What issues do you face trying to serve children and families?
- What issues would you like to help families address?
- What type of additional volunteer support do you need?
- Have you ever considered Scouting to address your concerns?

Promote common opportunities:

- Community outreach
- Building strong families
- Character development
- Gaining more parent and volunteer involvement
- Providing positive role models and mentors to youth
- Presenting parents with opportunities to set and achieve goals
- Teaching life skills to youth
- Your organization gets introduced to others.

Be prepared to answer questions and common concerns, such as the following:

- We don't have very many youth in our organization.
- We do not have any extra volunteers in our organization to take on this project.
- We are concerned about liability issues.
- We don't have it in our budget.
- I don't know anything about running a Scouting unit.
- Our congregation is much older.
- We tried this before, and it did not work.
- We already have a youth program.
- I will have to run this by our board.

Building Blocks of Scouting

Scouting is a values-based program with its own code of conduct. The Scout Oath and Scout Law help instill the values of good conduct, respect for others, and honesty. Scouts learn skills that will last a lifetime, including basic outdoor skills, first aid, citizenship skills, leadership skills, and how to get along with others. For a full century now, Scouting has instilled in youth the values and knowledge they will need to become leaders in their communities and country.

AIMS

The aims of the Scouting movement are to build youth into quality citizens by building character, fostering citizenship, and promoting fitness.

Scout-age youth experience dramatic physical and emotional growth. Scouting offers them a wide range of opportunities to channel much of that change into productive endeavors and to find the answers to many of their questions. Through service projects and Good Turns, Scouts can give back directly to their community. Many Scouting activities allow youth to associate with others from different backgrounds. The religious emblems program offers pathways for Scouts to more deeply understand their duty to God. The unit provides each Scout with an arena in which to explore, to try out new ideas, and to embark on adventures that sometimes have no design other than to have a good time with good people.

FOUNDATION: COMMUNITY ORGANIZATIONS AND SCOUT COUNCILS

Scouting teaches skills that can help youth develop into our future community leaders. Organizations that are interested in nurturing youth for the betterment of the community will find Scouting to be a positive form of community outreach.

The Boy Scouts of America grants charters to organizations such as churches, service clubs, and other community groups to operate Scouting groups. Chartered organizations work with local Scout councils to provide the support necessary for unit operations. When an organization adopts Scouting as part of its youth and/or community outreach program, a committee is formed and leadership is selected to organize and operate the unit in conjunction with the organization's special needs and desires. Councils provide access to program materials and literature, outdoor camping facilities, leadership training and field support, assistance in recruiting members, liability insurance, record keeping, and supplies such as uniforms, insignia, and awards.

More than ever, young people need the guidance and mentoring that Scouting provides. Scouting's constructive educational program is a healthy alternative to the negative influences youth face in society across the country and worldwide.

LEADERSHIP

Boy Scouting and Venturing are youth-led, youth-run organizations, but the youth must be trained to serve as leaders. One of the unit leader's most important responsibilities is to provide the direction, coaching, and training that empowers youth with the skills they need to lead their unit.

Scouting's value to young people is clear, but the advantages of Scouting are not limited to youth. Adults also develop leadership and physical skills with every training experience. Adult training begins with the Orientation Training program, followed by Introduction to Outdoor Leader Skills and Leader Specific Training. Further training can include Wood Badge, which has evolved into the BSA's core leadership skills training course. Wood Badge focuses on a person's ability to work with and lead groups of youth and adults.

METHODS

The Methods of Scouting

- Patrols
- Ideals
- Outdoors
- Advancement
- Association with adults
- Personal growth
- Leadership
- Uniform

The Den/Patrol Method

Dens and/or patrols are the building blocks of a Scout unit. A den/patrol is a small group of youth who are similar in age, development, and interests. Working together as a team, den/ patrol members equally share the responsibility for the den/patrol's success. Youth gain confidence by serving in positions of den/patrol leadership. All den/patrol members enjoy the friendship, sense of belonging, and achievements of the den/patrol and of each of its members.

The Outdoors

Scouting provides many opportunities for youth to help plan and participate in rugged outdoor adventures. The unit plans activities that match the interests and abilities of the Scouts such as day hikes, aquatics activities, and weeklong summer camp. Older Scouts may participate in high-adventure programs such as rock climbing, rappelling, and whitewater rafting. Younger Scouts may attend summer camp and learn teamwork within their patrol and troop. Summer camp blends fun programs with advancement requirements to reinforce skills learned throughout the year. In Scouting, fitness is fun with a purpose.

To see Cub Scouts in action, go to www.scouting.org/Home/Marketing/Recruiting2/Fishing/Videos.aspx To see Venturers in action, go to www.scouting.org/Home/Venturing.aspx

Advancement

The Boy Scouts of America provides recognition for Scout achievements. The advancement program allows Scouts and Venturers not only to progress from rank to rank but also to gain self-confidence from his or her participation in a unit. The youth acquire lifelong skills reflected in the Venturing crew's interests.

Requirements serve as the basis for a Scout's rank advancement. The four steps to advancement are learning, testing, reviewing, and recognition.

Many Scouts have been introduced to a lifelong hobby or rewarding career through the merit badge program. Merit badges help Scouts develop physical skills, social skills, and selfreliance. There are more than 100 different merit badges that teach important life skills to Scouts. The merit badge system is systematically reviewed and enhanced in order to reflect the changing interests and technology that youth encounter in today.

Program Benefits

FOR THE ORGANIZATION

- Scouting is a proven program with a reputable worldwide brand and has been in existence for more than 100 years.
- Wearing the uniform supports diversity and equality.
- You become a part of a large, friendly family.
- Scouting is an opportunity to prepare our next generation of leaders.
- Scouting promotes team-building within the organization.
- Scouting is an exciting opportunity to give back to the community and nation through service projects.
- Local, regional, and national events are options to supplement your program.
- Extensive literature, training materials, and other resources in various formats are available.
- The BSA offers outstanding adult and youth leader training courses, including leadership development.
- Youth Protection training materials and videos are available for both adults and youth.
- Professional and volunteer assistance is readily available in all Scouting programs.

FOR ADULT VOLUNTEERS

- It's fun!
- Complete program resources help adults work effectively with youth.
- Scouting is an opportunity to work safely with young people.
- Adults get to participate in a values-based program.
- It offers the satisfaction of seeing young people grow through mentoring and teaching others.
- Adults are recognized for their commitment and involvement in serving youth.
- Parents can serve as volunteer leaders and share common experiences alongside their sons in Scouting and alongside their sons and daughters in Venturing.

FOR YOUTH

- Scouting is an exciting, challenging program young people can enjoy with their friends.
- The setting lets youth participate in making choices.
- Boy Scouts and Venturers can experience the adventure of adult-like activities in a supervised environment.
- Scouting develops interpersonal skills that will equip its members for a lifetime.
- There are real opportunities to try leadership roles and develop leadership skills.
- It is a positive environment for the transition of youth from dependence to independence.

Chartered Organization Relationships

Begin with the end in mind, by getting to know the mission, goals, and vision of the chartered organizations, and the tools that are available to build successful relationships that serve BSA units. The www.scouting.org/membership Web page has membership resources for chartered organization relationships, including:

- Memorandums of Understanding for community/civic, religious, and educational organizations
- Effective chartered organization relationships:
 - -Training the chartered organization representative
 - —Annual Charter Agreement
 - —Chartered Organizations and the Boy Scouts of America (Fact Sheet)
- Religious:
 - -Scout Sabbath Services
 - -Scout Sunday Observances
 - -Handbook for Chaplain and Chaplain Aides in Boy Scout Troops and Venturing Crews
 - -Religious Emblems Coordinator

ORGANIZATION ADOPTS THE PROGRAM

After meeting with the head of the organization and reviewing the organization's goals and how Scouting can help meet those goals, secure a commitment from the organization to sponsor a whole Scouting family: pack, troop, and crew. This would be the best possible scenario.

Chartered Organization Representative (COR)

APPOINTING THE ORGANIZING TEAM

The organization head appoints a chartered organization representative. This person will serve as a member of the unit Key 3 and will serve as a member of the organization's Scouting program. In addition, the organization will appoint a committee of three to five people who will plan the next few steps. The committee should include some parents of potential Scouts. The new-unit organizer and unit commissioner should schedule a meeting with the organizing team as soon as possible. This organizing team will work out details and plan the recruitment of unit leadership.

It is important that the head of the organization appoint the members of the organizing team so committee members will know they have the chartered organization's support. Members of the organizing team may become unit committee members.

ORGANIZING TEAM MEETS

The new-unit organizer plays a key role in the success of the unit organization plan. The new-unit organizer helps guide the organizing team throughout the process. A unit commissioner should already have been assigned at the beginning of the organizational process, so asking the newunit commissioner to assist the new-unit organizer is appropriate.

Explain what is expected of the chartered organization and what is expected of the local council.

The chartered organization agrees to:

- Conduct the Scouting program according to its own policies and guidelines, as well as those of the Boy Scouts of America.
- Include Scouting as part of its overall program for youth and families.
- Appoint a chartered organization representative. This person will serve as a member of the unit Key 3, will be a member of the organization, and will coordinate all Scout unit operations within it. He or she will serve as a representative on the district committee, and serve as a voting member of the local council.
- The chartered organization head or chartered organization representative must approve all leader applications to ensure the individuals meet the organization's standards as well as the standards of leadership of the Boy Scouts of America.
- Select an organizing team (minimum of three) of parents and members of the chartered organization who will assist in the selection of leaders.
- Provide adequate facilities for the unit(s) to meet on a regular schedule with time and place reserved.
- Encourage the unit(s) to participate in outdoor activities and all programs of the council.

The council agrees to:

- Respect the aims and objectives of the organization and offer the resources of Scouting to help meet those objectives.
- Provide year-round training, service, and program resources to the organization and its unit(s).
- Assist the unit in conducting an annual program planning conference. Provide program planning support materials and tools.
- Provide training and support for the chartered organization representative as the primary communication link between the organization and the BSA.
- Provide techniques and methods for selecting quality unit leaders and then share in the approval process of those leaders.
- Provide primary general liability insurance to cover the chartered organization, its board, officers, chartered organization representative, and employees against all personal liability judgments. This insurance includes attorneys' fees and court costs, as well as any judgment brought against the individual or organization. Unit leaders are covered in excess of any personal coverage they might have, or, if there is no personal coverage, the BSA insurance immediately picks them up on a primary basis. Vehicles owned by the chartered organization and loaned to the unit will be covered on an excess basis for the chartered organization's benefit.
- Provide camping facilities, a service center, and a full-time professional staff to assist the organization in every way possible.

Distribute copies of "Chartered Organization and Council Responsibilities," which is part of the Annual Charter Agreement. Walk everyone through this agreement.

Chartered Organization Checklist

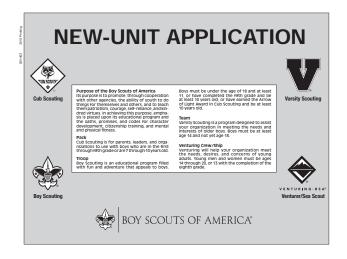
INSTITUTIONAL HEAD CHECKLIST

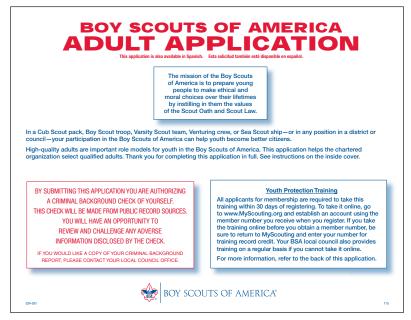
Meet with representatives of the Boy Scouts of America.
Charter a new Scout program by signing a new-unit application.
Identify a representative from the institution who will be the liaison with the Boy Scouts.
The liaison will work with a Boy Scout representative to identify leaders.
All leaders are approved by the head of the institution.
Training on Scouting and Youth Protection is conducted with new leaders.
A Boy Scout representative gives guidance and support to the new unit on planning at least three months of program.
A Boy Scout representative will promote a Scouting program sign-up date to the community.
The sign-up date arrives for parents who will be additional leaders and for new youth.
Applications for youth are approved by the leader, and adult applications are approved by the chartered organization representative.
First unit meeting: The new Scouting unit conducts the first program meeting of its members.
A district representative will present the official charter to the chartered organization.

COST

The cost of starting up a Cub Scout pack, Boy Scout troop, or Venturing crew is minimal to the chartered organization. The fee is \$40, which covers liability insurance for the chartered organization.

How to Start a New Unit



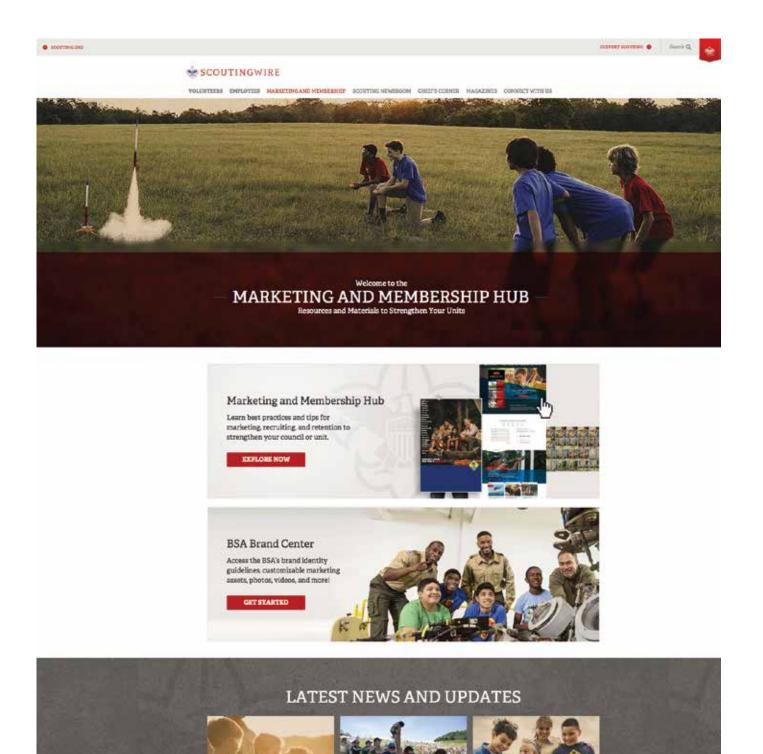




Marketing/Membership Hub



Marketing and Membership Hub







Build the Unit

Team Responsibilities

Performance Process

Measures of Success

Membership Team

District Commissioner District Membership Chair District Executive

1. Know the Market

- Council Market Analysis Report
- Membership Reports
- ☐ Identify Chartered Organizations
- Whole Scouting Family
- New-Unit Commissioners Assigned
- ☐ Priority List of Prospective Chartered Organizations
- Vision Statements
- New-Unit Organizers Assigned

Gold Standard

Market Share 13%

Relationships Team

Institution Head Chartered Organization Representative District Executive Unit Commissioner Influential Scouter

2. Make the Call

- Preparation
- ☐ Structured Sales Calls
- Building Blocks of Scouting
- Program Benefits
- Chartered Organization Relationships Recruited
- ☐ Chartered Organization Representatives
- ☐ Chartered Organization Checklist
- ☐ Set Appointment With Institution Head
- Secure and Define Commitment
- ☐ Develop Team to Oversee Establishment of Visit

Gold Standard

Growth in Number of New Cub Scout Packs

Organizing Team

New-Unit Commissioner New-Unit Organizer District Training Team District Executive JTE Committee Members

3. Build the Unit

- ☐ Recruit and Train at Least Five Primary Registered Adult Volunteers for Unit
- Organize Team
- Select Quality Leaders
- ☐ Train Unit Leadership
- Unit Program Planning
- ☐ Recruit 10 or More Youth
- ☐ Formalize Fundraising, Recruitment, Leadership Succession, and Budget Plans
- Recognitions

Gold Standard

Trained Direct Contact Leaders

Unit Key 3:

- Unit Committee Chair
- Unit Leader
- Chartered Organization Representative

New-Unit Commissioner Unit Committee Members

- Journey to Excellence
- Voice of the Scout

- ☐ Unit Key 3 meets monthly
- Unit Reporting Tools
- □ Recruiting Youth Members
- Successful Unit Meetings
- Unit Performance
- ☐ Commissioner Service
 - Unit Self-Assessments
 - Develop Unit Service Plan
 - Commissioner Tools
 - Charter Presentations
- First Charter Renewal With More Than 10

Youth, 5 Adults, and at Least a Bronze JTE Score

Second Charter Renewal

Gold Standard

Membership Growth 2%

> Retention Rate 94%

Commissioner Unit Visits Per Year 6

Chapter 3. **Build the Unit**

Measure of Success: 55% Trained Direct Contact Leaders

The District Organizing Team

PREPARING FOR UNIT ORGANIZATION

The most important task of the organizing team is selecting unit leaders. Before the selection process begins, it is important that the team learn about the Scouting organization and how the program functions in a unit.

Team members should:

- Understand the aims and methods of Scouting.
- Know the steps to unit organization.
- Be familiar with program planning and program planning tools and resources.
- Understand the process for selecting unit leaders.
- Develop a short- and long-term leader succession plan.
- Be aware of training opportunities.
- Be familiar with literature and support materials available for leaders.
- Be familiar with the Journey to Excellence and Voice of the Scout programs.

New-Unit Organizer and New-Unit Commissioner

The new-unit organizer works closely with the institutional head or executive officer of the chartered organization to put together an organizing team.

The new-unit commissioner supports that effort and strives to become a familiar face to that group, taking the lead in helping the team complete some aspects of its responsibilities.

The responsibilities of the new-unit organizer and the new-unit commissioner are as follows:

- While organizing and running the recruitment effort is the membership team's responsibility, the new-unit commissioner will support the idea that at least 10 youth and five adults are recruited for membership in the unit.
- The new-unit commissioner encourages the unit to participate in training both during this organization phase and into the future. The new-unit organizer will coordinate with the district training chair to provide initial training and Youth Protection training on an agreedupon date. The new-unit leadership takes Youth Protection training, This Is Scouting, and position-specific training.
- The new-unit commissioner supports a leadership succession plan to be in place prior to the first charter.
- The new-unit commissioner introduces the organizing team to the Journey to Excellence and helps them write a vision statement and set goals for the unit. The new-unit commissioner will also introduce the organizing team to Voice of the Scout.

- The new-unit organizer helps them plan the details for their first meeting and introduces the team to the national first month meeting plan.
- The new-unit commissioner familiarizes the unit with the district/council calendar and encourages roundtable attendance.
- The new-unit commissioner schedules an annual program planning meeting led by an experienced district representative.
- Together, the new-unit organizer and new-unit commissioner will present the charter at a full meeting of the chartered organization.
- The new-unit organizer and the new-unit commissioner attend the first meeting. From this point on, the new-unit commissioner takes the leading role in mentoring the unit for the next 36 months.
- The new-unit organizer and the new-unit commissioner ensure that unit leaders and parents are added to council and district email lists so that they receive current event and training information.

Selecting Quality Leaders

MESSAGE TO CHARTERED ORGANIZATIONS

Your organization has joined with the Boy Scouts of America to deliver a program of citizenship training, character development, and personal fitness to the young men and women of your community. Critical to the success of your Scouting program is the selection of quality leaders who represent the values of the Boy Scouts of America and your organization. The chartered organization has the responsibility for the selection of these individuals.

THE PROCESS

Cubmasters, den leaders, Scoutmasters, Varsity Scout coaches, crew Advisors, ship Skippers, and their assistants must be identified and recruited by the chartered organization when a new unit is organized or when there is a leadership change in an existing unit. The chartered organization will need to have a succession plan in place to maintain proper key leadership. The organization may wish to seek advice from the BSA local council about the process.

SELECT AND RECRUIT KEY LEADERS

The first priority of the organizing team is selecting quality unit leaders. Give everyone a copy of Selecting Quality Leaders for Cub Scouts, No. 523-500, available online at www.scouting.org/ filestore/membership/pdf/522-500 web.pdf; Selecting Quality Leaders for Boy Scouts, No. 523-981, available online at www.scouting.org/filestore/membership/pdf/522-981.pdf; or Venturing Fast Start, No. 25-878, available online at www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/25-878.pdf.

CHOOSING PROSPECTIVE UNIT LEADERS

Make a prospect list of qualified people who would make good leaders and match the profile of the position to be filled. Don't choose just anyone to fill a slot; be selective. Choose prospects who exemplify the values of the Boy Scouts of America. Don't make assumptions about whether a prospect will accept the position; it is important to give prospects a chance to make their own decision. You may be surprised how many times busy people will commit to volunteering for organizations that serve youth.

Present the list of candidates to the head of the organization for approval and ask for additional suggestions. Also, have the organization appoint someone—perhaps a member of the organizing team—to be the chartered organization representative. Explain the basic responsibilities of this position. (See an explanation of the tasks on pages 4 through 9 of The Chartered Organization Representative, No. 33118, available online at www.scouting. org/filestore/commissioner/pdf/33118 WB.pdf.) The chartered organization representative represents the organization at the district and council levels as a voting member.

APPOINTING OTHER VOLUNTEERS

The organizing team must also recruit and appoint people to serve as the committee chair and committee members. These people may be members of the organizing team.

With these people in place, and with members of the organizing team also acting as members of the unit committee, you are ready to complete the process of selecting and recruiting leaders and youth.

The newest volunteer unit position approved by the BSA is the unit membership chair. This important position reports to the unit committee chair and serves as a member of the unit committee. This role consists of the following responsibilities:

- Meet with the unit leaders and committee monthly to discuss membership goals and retention.
- Conduct at least two recruitment/Scouting promotion events per year to ensure unit growth using the peer-to-peer recruitment method.
- Distribute membership fliers to schools and churches in the unit's area.
- Conduct Scouting rallies and boy talks in schools, leveraging council support when needed.
- Attend the district's membership chair training sessions, which will focus on best practices.
- Have your unit be involved in the required number of Adopt-a-School service and community service projects needed for Scouting's Journey to Excellence score.
- Ensure that new youth and adult applications along with funds are completed and turned in to the council service center within a week after receipt of the applications.
- Work with the unit committee to ensure the unit reaches Scouting's Journey to Excellence gold status in membership.
- Update the unit's BeAScout pin and follow up with leads.
- Have your unit participate in a fall and spring recruitment plan.
- Work with the district transition chair to encourage youth to transition to the ageappropriate program as they grow older.
- Have an annual customer satisfaction survey done with current Scout families.

POSITION DESCRIPTION

The Scoutmaster is responsible for training and guiding youth leaders in the operation of the troop, and for managing, training, and supporting his or her assistant Scoutmasters in their role.

The Cubmaster is responsible for coordinating the efforts of the den leaders to make sure the pack has a cohesive program, and for managing, training, and supporting them in their role.

The crew Advisor is responsible for training and guiding youth leaders in the operation of the crew, and for managing, training, and supporting his or her associate Advisors in their role.

CHARACTERISTICS OF SUCCESSFUL UNIT LEADERS

- Commitment to the ideals of Scouting
- High moral standards
- Ability to relate to youth
- Ability to remain calm under pressure
- Good organizational skills
- Ability to relate to and interact with adults
- Flexibility and the ability to compromise
- Good planning ability
- High energy level
- Good attention to detail

Training Unit Leadership

YOUTH PROTECTION TRAINING

Child abuse is a serious problem in our society, and unfortunately, it can occur anywhere, even in Scouting. Youth safety is of paramount importance to Scouting. For that reason, the BSA continues to create barriers to abuse through training and leadership protocols.

The Boy Scouts of America places the greatest importance on providing the most secure environment possible for our youth members. To maintain such an environment, the BSA has developed numerous procedural and leadership selection policies, and provides parents and leaders with numerous online and print resources for the Cub Scout, Boy Scout, and Venturing programs.

The BSA requires Youth Protection training for all registered leaders.

New leaders are required to complete Youth Protection training prior to registration or reregistration following a membership lapse. To take the training online, go to www.MyScouting.org and establish an account using the member number you received when you registered for BSA membership. If you take the training online before you obtain a member number, be sure to return to MyScouting and enter your number for training record credit. Your BSA local council also provides training on a regular basis if you cannot take it online. For more information, refer to the back of the BSA adult membership application, No. 524-501.

Youth Protection training must be retaken every two years—regardless of position. If a volunteer does not meet the BSA's Youth Protection training requirement at the time of charter renewal, the volunteer will not be reregistered.

All nonregistered adults, including all parents, are encouraged to take the BSA's Youth Protection training.

To find out more about the Youth Protection policies of the Boy Scouts of America and how to help Scouting keep your family safe, see the *Parent's Guide* in any of the Cub Scouting or Boy Scouting handbooks, or go to www.scouting.org/Training/YouthProtection.aspx.

ORIENTATION TRAINING

As soon as possible after a person has agreed to be a leader, he or she should view the appropriate Fast Start Orientation Training either on DVD or by logging on to MyScouting.org. After viewing this material, the new leader will have a better perspective of his or her role and responsibilities.

THIS IS SCOUTING AND POSITION-SPECIFIC TRAINING

This Is Scouting is the initial online interactive learning experience for new adult leaders. This Is Scouting picks up where Orientation Training left off. The course can be taken by logging on to MyScouting.org. It takes approximately one hour to complete.

Leaders should be encouraged to attend basic leader training as soon as possible. The newunit organizer may be able to get district trainers to conduct training especially for the new unit. If a special training session is not possible, be sure to inform the new volunteers when and where the next district or council basic leader training session will be held. Encourage unit support arrangements for carpools and child care so every leader who needs to can attend. By going together, they will have an opportunity to provide support for each other in this new situation.

ROUNDTABLE

A roundtable is a monthly presentation of unit program ideas, inspiration, networking, and additional training for leaders in all Scouting units. The new-unit organizer or the unit commissioner should provide a district calendar of events to leaders so they know when and where the roundtable is held. They should also give them an idea of what happens at a roundtable and the resources available. They should convey the many practical ideas for leaders to use.

SUPPLEMENTAL TRAINING

The Boy Scouts of America offers many supplemental training opportunities on a district, council, and national basis. (See Appendix 19.)

Unit Program Planning

FUNDING THE UNIT PROGRAM

No organization can exist without funds, and a new pack, troop, or crew is no different. The practices established early on in the organization process will serve the Scouting program for years to come and provide participants, families, and the chartered organization with the knowledge that the program is secure.

Just like in families, even the best relationships can be soured by money. With that in mind, the unit committee needs to have an understanding of some basic principles and procedures to avoid potentially problematic situations.

UNIT BUDGET

The unit budget should anticipate the needs of the unit for the coming year. The Unit Budget Plan, No. 524-426, is available at www.scouting.org in downloadable form and in an online worksheet and in Appendix 25 of this book.

Build the budget from the expense side first. Typical expenses include:

- Registration fees. The annual membership fee to be a member of the Boy Scouts of America
- Boys' Life. An annual subscription to Boys' Life magazine for every household
- Unit accident insurance provides medical care coverage to members and guests injured as a result of participation in a Scouting activity (may be provided at the council level)
- Program materials. Flags, camping equipment, program supplies, and other material necessary to conduct regular program
- Activities. Those program activities that will be paid for by the unit budget as determined
 by the unit committee. Some activities will be financed by the Scout and his family over
 and above the budget.
- Basic expenses. Advancement recognition, books and literature, leader training, community goodwill projects, etc.
- Reserve fund. A fund established to meet unexpected expenses that may occur

Sources of funding for units include:

- Membership dues. Collecting and paying dues from individual members establishes a
 level of responsibility and character development. Dues assessed annually are too often
 contributed by parents and are sometimes an impediment to joining. Dues are not meant
 to completely pay for a member's Scouting experience or support the entire unit budget,
 but might cover registration, *Boys' Life*, insurance, and basic expenses.
- Money-earning projects. Individual units can conduct money-earning activities such as sales and community projects. Since individual units are not charitable organizations in and of themselves, they cannot solicit contributions from the community or provide the promise of tax deductibility to anyone who makes a contribution. Most councils provide opportunities for units to participate in council fundraising activities that provide funding back to the unit. Advantages to the unit in participating in these activities include:
 - -Established sale with public promotion and marketing
 - -Authorized to wear the uniform when conducting the sale
 - —The council deals with the vendor and is financially responsible for payment.
 - —The council deals with delivery and warehousing of the product.

Units may conduct their own money-earning activities that are subject to the BSA's money-earning guidelines. The guidelines are included on the Unit Money-Earning Application, No. 34427, which can be found at www.scouting.org and in Appendix 27 of this book. This application should be completed by the unit whenever a non-council-sponsored money-earning activity is conducted.

FISCAL PROCEDURES FOR UNITS

The Committee Record Book is available at your Scout shop and comes in specific editions for packs, troops/teams, and crews. It contains useful formats for keeping financial records for units as well as helpful information for unit committees, particularly treasurers.

UNIT FISCAL POLICY FAQS

Should our unit have a checking or savings account?

Yes. Unit funds should be deposited in a checking or savings account that requires two signatures on every check or withdrawal. The unit leader could be one of the signees, but a committee member is recommended. It could be that the unit leaders have a petty cash fund (the limit set by the committee), which is accounted for with receipts each month.

Who is responsible for the finances of the unit?

The unit committee is responsible for the unit's finances. A treasurer is assigned and the committee chair should receive the bank statement to reconcile monthly. All unit funds should pass through the bank account; this includes but is not limited to dues, money from unit fundraisers, product sales, and gifts. An exception might be registration fees, which are collected as part of an organized School Night program. In this case, fees are collected by district and council representatives and are transmitted to the Scout service center.

Should our unit consider insuring our unit equipment?

Yes, it is suggested that your unit insure its equipment. Remember, the chartered organization owns the unit including the number associated with the unit, and all funds used by the unit remain the responsibility of the chartered organization as long as the charter issued by the BSA remains in place. It is recommended that an equipment inventory be provided annually to the chartered organization.

Can our unit deposit funds with the local council?

Yes, most councils allow units to deposit funds to their credit in the council service center, thus making it convenient for units to make purchases without sending cash. A "unit account" is established for each unit that deposits funds with the council. At a minimum, the council should provide a detailed at least annual—statement of activities of your unit account for your committee to review.

What happens to the unit funds and equipment should the unit dissolve?

In the event of the dissolution of a unit, or the revocation or lapse of its charter, the unit committee shall apply unit funds and property to the payment of unit obligations and shall turn over the surplus, if any, to the local council. In the case of a chartered organization, any funds or equipment that may have been secured as property of the unit shall be held in trust by the chartered organization or the council, as may be agreed upon, pending reorganization of the unit or for the promotion of the program of the Boy Scouts of America.

When should our unit submit a BSA Unit Money-Earning Application?

For all unit fundraising, all unit money-earning projects must be approved in advance by using the BSA's Unit Money-Earning Application. Approval must be made by the chartered organization and the local council.

Does a pack or troop need its own tax identification number? If so, where do we get it? All units need a tax ID number (also referred to as an "EIN," employer identification number). Units should NOT use the Social Security number of an adult leader. If they do, the IRS will attribute all banking transactions, unit purchases, etc., to that leader as an individual. Units may use the tax ID number of their chartered organization, if given permission. This may be especially useful for the unit if that organization is tax-exempt. Most units obtain their own tax ID number by completing IRS Form SS-4. There is no cost involved. The current form and instructions are available on the IRS website at www.irs.gov. Also, the IRS now allows you to provide the information over the phone and immediately receive a unit EIN. The IRS phone number is 800-829-4933.

Is our pack or troop considered tax-exempt by the IRS?

That depends on who sponsors your pack, troop, or unit. The only time a unit can be considered tax-exempt is if its chartered organization is also tax-exempt. The BSA National Council grants a charter to religious organizations, service clubs, businesses, and others who want to operate a Scout unit. A unit is actually "owned" by its chartered organization. Chartered organizations vary widely in tax status, but the tax status of your unit is the same as that of your chartered organization.

What is IRS Form 990-N, and does our unit need to file annually with the IRS the electronic postcard 990-N?

The IRS requires small tax-exempt organizations with annual gross receipts of \$50,000 or less to file Form 990-N. The BSA national office consulted with the IRS and outside counsel on whether this filing requirement applies to Cub Scout packs, Boy Scout troops, Venturing crews, and other units. In their opinion, most Scout units do not have to file Form 990-N. For most units, no filing is required. The only exception is for the very small number of units that have filed for separate, federal tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Those units must file either Form 990-N (if their annual gross receipts were \$50,000 or less) or the more detailed Form 990 or 990EZ (if annual gross receipts were more than \$50,000).

Can our pack or troop be covered under the BSA's group exemption?

No. The IRS only allows local councils (and council trust funds) to be included under the BSA group exemption. Packs, troops, and other Scout units cannot be included under the BSA group exemption because they "belong" to their chartered organization. (Note: Tax issues for Girl Scout troops are handled differently by the IRS because of how their cookie sales are structured.)

Form SS-4 asks us for a "GEN." What is that, and do we have one?

The "GEN" is the group exemption number for the BSA. As discussed, only councils are covered under the BSA group exemption. Units cannot use this number. However, once your unit receives an EIN, the unit may still qualify for a number of state and sales tax exemptions as a nonprofit organization under your state laws. Check with your own state, as this varies widely across the country.

A volunteer suggested that our unit apply for its own tax-exempt status. Can we? Units should not incorporate or apply for their own tax-exempt status. Units are not legal entities. Even if they were, this is an expensive and time-consuming process. Units are only permitted to raise funds through approved unit money-earning projects. Units could lose their charter if they tried to get their own tax-exempt status and solicit tax-deductible gifts.

Can we solicit gifts for our unit?

No. Simply put, units are not permitted to solicit any gifts. Both the Charter and Bylaws and the Rules and Regulations of the BSA make this very clear; only local councils may solicit individuals, corporations, United Ways, or foundations for gifts in support of Scouting. Units, unit leaders, and youth members may not solicit gifts in the name of Scouting or in support of unit needs and activities (except in unusual circumstances where the unit has received permission to do so from the local council). Units are also prohibited from soliciting gifts on their websites.

Does that mean people can't make gifts to our troop?

Units are not supposed to solicit gifts, but they can receive gifts. Anyone can contribute to a Scout pack, troop, or unit—and many donors don't need or care about charitable deductions. Obviously, defining a "solicited gift" is not always easy. Unit leaders are relied upon to set good examples and honor the intent and spirit of these important guidelines, even though it is hard to stop people from being generous, especially toward Scouting.

Can gifts go to the local council to benefit our unit, then "pass through" the council to us? No, your unit "belongs" to your chartered organization, not to your local council. IRS guidelines prohibit any charity from accepting gifts that are "passed through" to a person or unrelated entity. A council could accept a gift in the name of your unit and hold it in a unit account. The unit could then "draw down" on the account for camp fees, uniform and supply needs, etc. (this is how colleges handle student scholarships). But be sure to first ask your local council if they have the staff and time to do this. This is entirely their decision.

My local company has employee volunteerism grants and they will contribute to charities where I volunteer my time. Can these gifts go to our unit?

Employee incentive awards and volunteerism grants usually cannot go to a pack, troop, or unit, due to the company's giving restrictions. Corporate donations often can go only to charities that are 501(c)(3) charities, and many units are not chartered by tax-exempt charities. Also, many companies won't make gifts to religious organizations. If a unit is tax-exempt, it's often because it's chartered to a place of worship, so they can't receive corporate funds either. Of course, corporate awards and grants may go to any local council.

RESOURCES

These resources will assist you in planning and organizing your unit program. See also Appendixes 25, 26, and 27.

- Troop Committee Guidebook, No. 34505
- Unit Money-Earning Application, No. 34427
- Unit Budget Plan, No. 524-426
- Who Pays for Scouting? (Appendix 26)

CUB SCOUTING

- Cub Scout Leader Book, No. 33221, pages 77-86 "Program Planning"
- Pack Annual Program Planning Conference Guide, online at www.scouting.org/CubScouts/Leaders/PackCommitteeResources/ UnitProgramPlanningTools.aspx
- Webelos Den Leader Guide, No. 37003

BOY SCOUTING

- Troop Leader Guidebook, Volume 1, No. 33009, pages 33-37, "Troop Program Planning"
- Troop Committee Guidebook, No. 34505, page 12, "Annual Program Planning Conference"
- Program Features for Troops, Teams, and Crews, Volume 1, No. 33110; Volume 2, No. 33111; and Volume 3, No. 33112
- Troop Annual Program Planning Conference Guide, online at www.scouting.org/BoyScouts/ProgramPlanning.aspx

VENTURING

- Venturing Fast Start, No. 25-878
- Venturing Crew Officers Orientation, www.scouting.org/training/youth/ venturingorientation.aspx
- Venturing Advisor Guidebook, No. 34655

PROGRAM PLANS



Recognitions

FOUNDER'S BAR



The Founder's Bar (see Appendix 11) may be worn below the unit numerals as soon as the completed charter and funds are officially received by the Scout office. The bar may be worn for as long as the

unit numbers are worn. It may not be worn with any other unit numerals or by anyone whose name was not affiliated with the first unit charter.

This recognition emphasizes both the importance and the pride of forming and nurturing a new Scout unit. While it does not guarantee the unit will become a bronze, silver, or gold Journey to Excellence unit, it does encourage multiple-year charter renewal so one may continue wearing the bar. The bar will stimulate conversation and emulation by others. For more information, see www.scouting.org/filestore/pdf/522-011.pdf.

WILLIAM D. BOYCE NEW-UNIT ORGANIZER AWARD



The William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award (see Appendix 12) is presented to recognize volunteers who organize one or more new units. The award may be worn on the adult uniform. The award is a square knot representing the phases of our program—Cub Scouting, Boy

Scouting, Varsity Scouting, Venturing, Sea Scouting, and Exploring.

More information about the William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award can be found at www. scouting.org/Awards_Central.

COMMISSIONER AWARD OF EXCELLENCE IN UNIT SERVICE



In addition to the William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award for volunteers organizing new units, there is an award for volunteer unit commissioners focuses on both unit and youth retention. Any registered commissioner who is providing direct unit service is eligible

to earn the Commissioner Award of Excellence in Unit Service through unit service and a project that together result in improved retention of members and on-time unit charter renewal over the course of two consecutive years. Criteria for earning the knot are on the progress record in Appendix 14.

The award is based upon the requirements for commissioners listed in the Journey to Excellence performance program, which includes Adding Unit Visits in the online Commissioner Tools. More information is available at www.scouting.org/Commissioners.

Tools of the Trade

ONLINE-FORMS, TRAINING, AND EVENTS

- Starting a new unit? Fill out three forms:
 - -New-Unit Application
 - -Adult Application
 - -Youth Application
- Online Training
- Online Tour and Activity Plan
- Online Annual Charter
- Online Advancements
- Journey to Excellence
- Voice of the Scout
- Event Registration

UNIT DEVELOPMENT AND YOUTH RECRUITMENT

Visit our website at http://scoutingwire.org/marketing-membership.

PROGRAM—READY TO USE

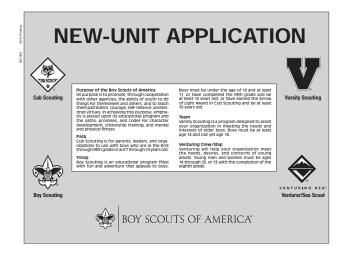
- One-year programs
- Meeting one programs
- Program concepts:
 - Cub Scout Delivery System
- Webelos-to-Scout Transition

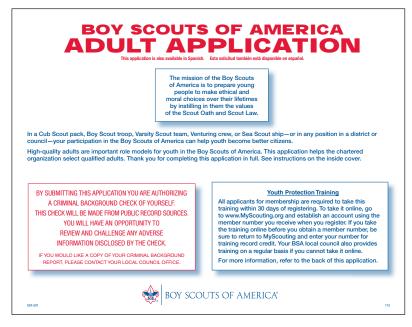
RELIGIOUS EMBLEMS AND CULTURAL MARKETS

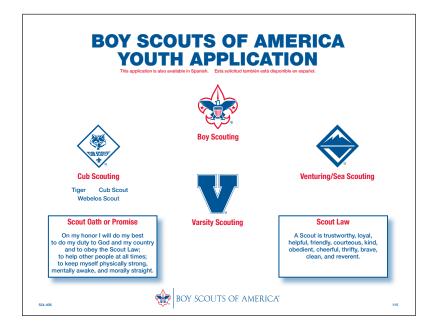
Visit our website at www.scouting.org/membership and click on the Recognitions link.

Duty to God pamphlet, No. 512-879

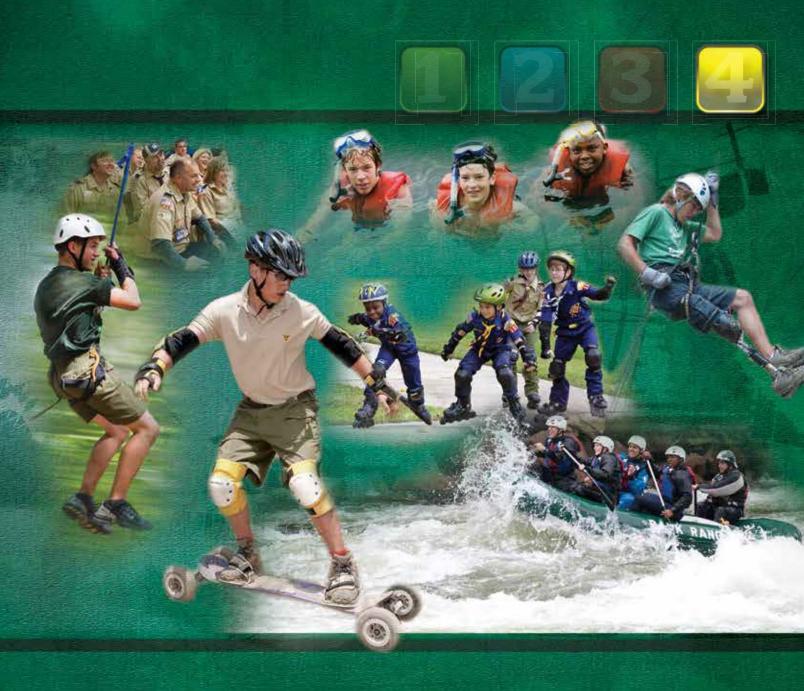
How to Start a New Unit







Grow the Unit



Grow the Unit

Team Responsibilities

Performance Process

Measures of Success

Membership Team

District Commissioner District Membership Chair District Executive

1. Know the Market

- Council Market Analysis Report
- Membership Reports
- ☐ Identify Chartered Organizations
- Scouting Family
- New-Unit Commissioners Assigned
- ☐ Priority List of Prospective Chartered Organizations
- Vision Statements
- New-Unit Organizers Assigned

Gold Standard

Market Share 13%

Relationships Team

Institution Head Chartered Organization Representative District Executive Unit Commissioner Influential Scouter

2. Make the Call

- Preparation
- ☐ Structured Sales Calls
- Building Blocks of Scouting
- Program Benefits
- Chartered Organization Relationships Recruited
- ☐ Chartered Organization Representatives
- ☐ Chartered Organization Checklist
- ☐ Set Appointment With Institution Head
- Secure and Define Commitment ■ Develop Team to Oversee Establishment
 - of Visit

Gold Standard

Growth in Number of New Cub Scout Packs

Organizing Team

New-Unit Commissioner New-Unit Organizer District Training Team District Executive JTE Committee Members

3. Build the Unit

- ☐ Recruit and Train at Least Five Primary Registered Adult Volunteers for Unit
- Organize Team
- Select Quality Leaders
- ☐ Train Unit Leadership
- Unit Program Planning
- ☐ Recruit 10 or More Youth
- ☐ Formalize Fundraising, Recruitment, Leadership Succession, and Budget Plans
- Recognitions

Gold Standard

Trained Direct Contact Leaders

Unit Key 3:

- Unit Committee Chair
- Unit Leader
- Chartered Organization Representative

New-Unit Commissioner

Unit Committee Members

- Journey to Excellence
- Voice of the Scout

- ☐ Unit Key 3 meets monthly
- Unit Reporting Tools
- □ Recruiting Youth Members Successful Unit Meetings
- Unit Performance
- □ Commissioner Service
 - Unit Self-Assessments
 - Develop Unit Service Plan
 - Commissioner Tools
 - Charter Presentations
- First Charter Renewal With More Than 10

Youth, 5 Adults, and at Least a Bronze JTE Score

Second Charter Renewal

Gold Standard

Membership Growth 2%

> Retention Rate 94%

Commissioner Unit Visits Per Year

Chapter 4. **Grow the Unit**

Measures of Success: 2% Growth, 94% Retention, 6 Unit Visits

When a new unit is started, a commitment is made to family members, parents, and their sons (and daughters in Venturing) that they will receive a yearlong Scouting program. To fulfill that commitment, it becomes equally important for the new unit to be sustained for a long time. This involves focusing on important elements the unit must possess in order to stay in operation. Elements like a unit leader succession plan with capable adult volunteers and an Orientation Training for new leaders are important for a great start. Other elements like monthly advancement and outdoor programs like day camp and summer camp will add to the sustainability of the new unit.

The previous chapters focused on the processes of new-unit development. When new units follow the elements mentioned above with proper unit programming, youth tend to stay in the program longer, which ultimately results in stronger units. How do new units become high-quality units?

This chapter explains how to recruit youth members, procedures for completing paperwork, conducting the first unit meeting, and the charter presentation process. It also focuses on the commissioner's unit service plan, collaborative unit assessments, Voice of the Scout, and Journey to Excellence.

Assign a new-unit commissioner to the potential new unit. The concept of a new-unit commissioner is introduced in the very first steps of organizing a new unit. A new-unit commissioner can be an experienced commissioner who specializes in new-unit service and has had some specialized training. The new-unit commissioner can also be a volunteer who is at least 21 years old, such as an Arrowman, former camp staff member, or Eagle Scout who serves under the mentorship and guidance of an experienced commissioner such as an assistant district commissioner or district commissioner. This could be an excellent candidate to start with one new unit. Any Scouter who fits this description and is willing to make the commitment will make a good new-unit commissioner.

Ideally, this commissioner will have a reduced unit workload and will be committed to serving this one unit for the full three years the unit will be considered "new." The role the new-unit commissioner plays is much like that of troop guide—not a member of the unit but a mentor who helps the unit leadership become a high-quality team. Once the unit becomes independent, the new-unit commissioner should be replaced with a traditional unit commissioner, freeing the new-unit commissioner to begin again with another unit. The new-unit commissioner will need to give this unit extra service in addition to the unit service plan. That service is described in the section "Commissioner Unit Service Plan."

The key volunteers guiding the unit are the unit Key 3—the unit chair, unit leader, and chartered organization representative—with assistance from the unit committee and the new-unit commissioner.

To ensure the success of a newly organized unit, many capable volunteers need to be selected and recruited who will work closely with their professional Scouter. The district executive cannot do it alone.

Unit Key 3

The unit Key 3 is a critical component to the success of the unit. The unit Key 3 consists of the unit committee chair, the unit leader, and the chartered organization representative. The new-unit commissioner serves as an advisor to the unit Key 3. This group meets once a month to discuss the unit, its challenges, coming events, and progress toward completing their action plan and Journey to Excellence goals, just like any other Scouting Key 3. It is a time for the unit Key 3 to learn how to spot early warning signs and work together toward continued unit success. The new-unit commissioner meets with them to support their efforts, to help with problem solving, and to keep the unit moving in sync with the district and council calendars.

The following are some items the new-unit commissioner should urge the unit Key 3 to review on a regular basis:

Ensure that a monthly program and unit budget plan are in place and on track. These items are critical for unit success. Encourage long-range planning for a positive experience for all. This may need to involve the district finance committee.

Support systems that will ensure a well-organized unit. These include monthly unit Key 3 meetings, monthly committee and leader's meetings, regular parent meetings, and a communication plan.

Encourage a unitwide communication system. Communication takes many forms: newsletter, phone tree, email blast, website, Facebook group. Whatever fits the unit.

Encourage unit Key 3 training. Encourage them to take This Is Scouting and Leader Specific Training for their position prior to their first meeting. Be sure the unit Key 3 is aware of training opportunities. Through the district commissioner, enlist the help of the training team to bring training to the unit as necessary.

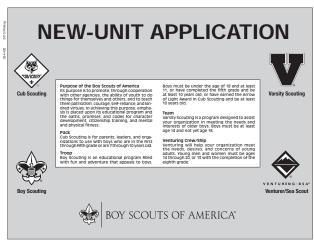
Unit Reporting Tools

COMPLETE THE PAPERWORK

NEW-UNIT CHARTER SEQUENCE

- 1. New-Unit Application (see Appendix 10) signed by the executive officer and district commissioner
- 2. Adult applications and Youth Protection training signed by the chartered organization representative
- 3. Youth applications
- 4. Registration fees

Although by this point much of the paperwork may already be done, the organizer or commissioner for the new unit may be involved now to ensure that all the paperwork has been correctly completed. The unit commissioner may also take the paperwork to the local council service center for processing.



Remember that:

- The New-Unit Application requires the signature of the executive officer who is the head of the chartered organization. We are also encouraging a district commissioner to sign their name on the new-unit application so they can ensure a new-unit commissioner is assigned to the unit. (See Appendix 10.)
- Every youth and adult leader must complete an application, and all adult leaders must have completed Youth Protection training.
- The registration fees must be collected and kept with the applications and then submitted to the local council service center in a timely manner.
- BSA health forms should be collected from all youth and adult leaders.

Youth Applications

When accepting youth applications, it is important to:

- Verify that all applications are completed in full, including the health history information on the reverse.
- Collect the appropriate fees, including registration fees, charter fee, and Boys' Life subscription fees.
- Check applications for signatures of a parent and youth for Venturing and of the unit leader.

Adult Leader Applications

When accepting adult leader applications, it is important to:

- Verify that all applications are completed in full, including the names of references.
- Collect the appropriate fees.
- Verify that all adult applications are approved and signed by the committee chair and the chartered organization representative. The unit committee chair approves all applications except that of the chartered organization representative, which is approved by the head of the chartered organization.
- Include a copy of the Youth Protection Training Certificate.

Recruiting Youth Members

RECRUIT YOUTH MEMBERS AND ORIENT PARENTS

It is finally time to invite prospective youth members and their parents to join Scouting. The first group of youth to be invited should include those who are members of the chartered organization. Youth from the community can sometimes be reached by announcements through area schools. Your local council and district executive can provide recruitment fliers and posters, and usually have contacts with school administrators. Be sure that you have put information about the unit into the national "Be A Scout" website to enable families to identify Scout units online: https://beascout. scouting.org. (See Appendix 15.)

Number of New Youth to Organize a New Unit: At Least 10

At least two dens or two patrols of five youth each or a Venturing crew of 10 youth should be recruited to encourage unit sustainability. Recruit qualified parents who will become additional leaders. A good ratio is one parent for every two boys. Orient all parents. The unit committee and new-unit organizer do this with the assistance of the new-unit commissioner.

Rationale: There must be a critical mass so the youth feel this is the place to be. For competitions and youth interaction, there must be at least two small groups within the unit. There must be sufficient adults willing to help so no one is overwhelmed.

Number of New Adults to Organize a New Unit: At Least Five

It is highly recommended that more than the minimum of five adults are recruited as leaders in the new unit to ensure a proper leader succession plan and shared responsibilities. New parents can start in the Unit Scouter Reserve position (91U) and work into a leadership position. This role is for supportive adults who have no immediate, specific leadership role. Like all registered BSA adult positions, this role requires a criminal background check and the completion of Youth Protection training. **The chartered organization representative position is not multiple.**

Scheduling the Recruitment Date and Location

The most important key to recruitment success is to select a date and location that will appeal to your audience. Parental attendance and engagement are essential, as the purpose of the event will be to recruit both adult leaders and youth members. Location is particularly critical. If you will be drawing members from multiple communities (schools, for example), plan to conduct a sign-up rally night at each location, or conduct a sign-up where the unit meets. Prospective members are unlikely to travel outside their comfort zone unless they are already looking for the Scouting program. Selecting the right date is also important. Studies have shown that families are most receptive to starting Scouting at the beginning of a new school year. It is frequently a time when families reevaluate the activities in which their children are engaged and try new things. The other time that works well to recruit new members is during camp promotion season. Parents register their children for summer programs in January and February. Consider participating in camp fairs in your community.

Given potential members' age, troops and crews will frequently need an activity "hook" to bring youth and their parents to the meeting. Conduct the recruitment event in a nearby park with athletic fields and a picnic shelter or at an indoor rock climbing venue or across from a nearby school. Plan an engaging unit activity that will appeal to members of your target audience.

Preparing and Promoting the Sign-Up

Attendance at the sign-up meeting is very important. Youth and their parents will most likely register for Scouting when they attend this meeting. Prime the pump by having your established unit leaders or committed youth reach out to families in the community that have youth in the target audience. The personal connection and "ask" can do more to promote enrollment than a hundred fliers.

Some other ideas for promoting attendance include:

- Youth talks in the school on the day of the meeting
- Informational fliers
- Radio and TV PSAs
- Personal visits to prospects

- Bring a friend. A Scout stays in longer if his buddy is there.
- Personal visits to prospects
- Promotion at area churches, playgrounds, and parks
- School open houses
- Posters in schools
- Personalized invitations from the organizational head

Ask your membership team to brainstorm other ideas.

Conducting the Sign-Up

Hold the sign-up where the unit will meet. Make it a brief, upbeat, and well-planned rally.

Be sure to:

- Have an information sheet on the unit: leader's name, contact information, website, training, next meeting, planned activities, etc.
- Have a sign-in sheet to collect names, ages, addresses, and email addresses of prospective members.
- Introduce the unit leadership.
- Present the unit program.
- Register new youth members.
- Select and recruit additional adults.
- Create an air of excitement of things to come.
- Provide information.
- Answer questions.
- Provide an information meeting with parents.
- Discuss health forms.
- Provide parent orientation on Youth Protection training.
- Provide light refreshments.
- Announce the unit's next meeting date.
- In the case of Venturing-age youth:
 - -Have each youth complete the Venturing Activity Interest Survey.
 - —Brainstorm with youth their ideas that might not be on the survey.
 - -Review the potential for crew program based on the Program Capability Inventory and the chartered organization.

Following Up With Unregistered Youth and Adults

Inevitably, some youth and adults will not register at the recruitment meeting. Be sure to follow up with a phone call and/or a postcard reminding them of upcoming events and opportunities to join. A commissioner staff and district executive can together set up a district membership inventory calling night to follow up on all youth dropped off of unit charter renewals (see Appendix 18). Also, encourage newly recruited youth to reach out to other friends and conduct mini-recruitment meetings to build upon your initial recruitment success. In particular, target dens or patrols with smaller than desired numbers. A healthy unit has a balanced enrollment at all levels of the program.

Successful Unit Meetings

HOLD THE FIRST UNIT MEETING

The unit committee, with the new-unit commissioner serving as a mentor, helps plan and support the meeting. The presence of the new-unit commissioner will provide support to the new leadership. The second most frequently stated reason boys leave Cub Scouting and Boy Scouting is unorganized leadership. New-unit commissioner assistance with this meeting will help the unit committee make a good first impression. (See "Unit Program Planning" in Chapter 3.)

BEFORE THE FIRST UNIT MEETING

The new-unit organizer should assist the new leaders in planning the first month of meetings using the age-appropriate unit meeting planning materials. The plan should make clear the responsibilities of each member of the team. The plan should include setup of the meeting room, necessary supplies or equipment, and starting times of each activity.

Assign someone responsibility for meeting with those who did not attend the recruitment meeting to distribute the necessary applications, forms, calendars, and other documents.

Ideally, have a run-through of the meeting so the unit leaders can become comfortable and tweak the plan as necessary.

FIRST UNIT MEETING

The new unit conducts its first meeting as developed in the organization process.

The new-unit organizer and the new-unit commissioner should attend the first meeting to make sure the unit gets off to a good start.

Be sure the new leader is congratulated on the meeting and the next meeting is scheduled and planned. Conduct a debriefing session with the unit leaders at the conclusion of the first meeting to review what they have learned and celebrate their success.

Assign a member of the organizing team or district committee who is trained and has expertise in the annual program planning process. This person should set a date and time to hold the unit's annual program planning conference. Have the assigned person facilitate the unit's first annual program planning conference. Use online or DVD-based pack, troop, or crew program planning conference guides. When complete, ensure the unit committee prints and shares the annual plan with all of the unit's families. The plan should include a budget and calendar of events. Having an annual program plan and budget is a common element of high-quality units.

Unit Performance

JOURNEY TO EXCELLENCE

Journey to Excellence, the current performance recognition program, changes the basic way success is measured and recognized in the Boy Scouts of America by moving away from measuring process and moving to measuring performance. Below is specific information to help you understand the criteria and exactly what data will be used to determine the three levels of performance. In planning your strategy, once the new unit has renewed its charter for one year, use those numbers to guide your performance-improvement goal planning. In each area, the pack/ troop/crew may qualify by meeting a specific standard or by showing measured improvement.

The Journey to Excellence looks at different areas—depending on the type of unit—to measure the success of the unit.

Same for All Units	Unique to Packs	Unique to Troops	Unique to Crews
Advancement	Day camp	Day camp	Superactivities
Retention	Resident camp	Long-term camping	Youth leadership
Membership	Pack meetings	Patrol method	Building Venturing
Trained leadership	Den meetings	Youth leadership	Activities
Leadership planning	Webelos-to-Scout transition	Courts of honor	
Outdoor activities	Building Cub Scouting	Webelos-to-Scout transition	
Parent meetings		Building Scouting	
Service projects			
Budget			
Re-register on time			
Annual assessment			

Pack of District 2016 Scarting's Journey to Excellence	Troop of District 2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence	Team of District 2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence	Crew of District 2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence	Ship of District 2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence
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VOICE OF THE SCOUT

The national Voice of the Scout program captures the experiences of our Scouts and Scouters during a 10-week survey period in both the spring and fall. Surveys are distributed to leaders, chartered organization representatives, parents of Scouts, and (for Scouts over age 14) to the Scouts themselves. To receive a survey, someone in the Scouting household must have email information on file in the BSA ScoutNET system. Once information collection has begun, it is aggregated and displayed at the unit, district, council, area, and region levels on a VOS dashboard available to council employees and board-level volunteers. Council employees share feedback results with commissioner staff and district committee members for appropriate, actionable coaching of unit leadership at the summer and fall unit health reviews. This feedback helps units and the BSA be continuously aware of what members and volunteers want so that at every level ways can be found to meet and exceed their expectations. The end goal is to discover what needs to be done—operationally and strategically—to make sure every unit is a great unit while maintaining the values of Scouting.

Unit commissioners have two roles to play in Voice of the Scout. The first is similar to their role in JTE: to communicate and promote use of Voice of the Scout to the unit leadership (unit Key 3: chartered organization representative, unit leader, and committee chair). The unit Key 3 should encourage and inform parents about the importance of the Voice of the Scout survey and encourage them to complete it.

The second role is to help the unit Key 3 interpret and utilize the feedback. That takes place at two meetings each year: the first when the commissioner and the unit Key 3 complete a collaborative unit assessment around charter renewal time and the second at the midyear charter review meeting, which occurs six months before the next charter renewal. Consider the impact it has: The unit leader will have the opportunity to make changes in the program before it's too late. Small adjustments now can avoid major overhauls later. Beginning in 2013, Voice of the Scout became a mandatory part of JTE.

The unit Key 3 should encourage and inform parents about the importance of the Voice of the Scout survey and encourage them to complete it.

THE ROLE OF THE UNIT COMMISSIONER WITH THE UNIT KEY 3

The role of the unit commissioner with the unit Key 3 is to serve as an adviser. He/she is not a member of the unit and has no voting authority. He/she serves as a representative of the district to the unit, linking district resources to the unit as needed. It is appropriate for the new-unit commissioner to begin meeting monthly with the unit Key 3. As the unit becomes more of a high-quality unit, the unit commissioner will attend as needed.

NEW-UNIT COLLABORATIVE ASSESSMENT—AN IMPORTANT PROCESS FOR SUSTAINABLE UNITS

As the unit nears 36 months of tenure, the unit will be maturing and able to be more independent. When the last unit assessment (see Appendixes 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9) is completed, it will be clear to both the unit and the NUC that the unit is ready for a unit commissioner who has experience with veteran units—those independent units with more than 36 months of tenure. That being the case, the NUC is free to accept another assignment with another new unit. The unit will be assigned a unit commissioner from the district commissioner's staff. This commissioner will have experience with several units and bring new insights to the unit:

- Supplemental training opportunities
- University of Scouting
- Pow wow
- Supplemental training on the BSA website
- Cub Scout podcasts
- Scouting magazine

Note: A unit collaborative assessment is required to be conducted twice a year by the unit commissioner (and/or district executive if no commissioner staff).

Commissioner Service

NEW-UNIT COMMISSIONERS

New-unit commissioners are unit commissioners who specialize in new units. His or her relationship to the unit is much like that of troop guide to a patrol. While not a member of the unit, the new-unit commissioner will serve as a mentor and guide the unit leadership to becoming a high-quality unit. A commissioner who wants to take on this role will need some additional training as listed below. This is a long-term commitment (two to three years) and begins with the formation process of a new unit. Because of the extra attention a new unit requires, the new-unit commissioner has a reduced workload. He or she uses the unit service plan as described in the section "Commissioner Unit Service Plan."

During formation of a new unit, the new-unit commissioner's role is to support the new-unit organizer, become a familiar and consistent link between the chartered organization and the district, and provide support to the new key leaders. He or she can harness the resources of the entire district by being in communication with the subject-matter experts on the district committee (for example, calling on the advancement, training, camping, or finance chair when needed to support the unit). It really does take a district to serve a unit, not just a commissioner. In many cases, the new-unit commissioner will be the face of consistency and the strong foundation around which the new unit can form. New-unit commissioners likely derive even greater satisfaction from their role than other unit commissioners because they can take pride in the creation process. Who makes a good new-unit commissioner? Anyone with a desire to see a unit well-established and who is committed to the extra time and effort that will require.

New-Unit Commissioner Training

Skills/characteristics:

- Commissioned as a unit commissioner
- Already has the Arrowhead Honor
- Should be given a reduced workload (preferably one unit)
- Time and energy for this long-term commitment
- Should work toward earning the Commissioner Award of Excellence for Unit Service

Additional training:

- **New-Unit Commissioner Basic Training**
- Required training for new-unit commissioners
- New-unit focus orientation and training session
- Review the visioning section from the Council Commissioner Manual.
- Review the unit service plan and determine how to provide optimal service to the new unit.
- Review the progress card for earning the Commissioner Award of Excellence for Unit Service.

Encouraged training:

- Participate in Wood Badge or, if already completed Wood Badge, review sessions: Stages of Team Development, Leading EDGE/Teaching EDGE, Coaching and Mentoring.
- A New-Unit Commissioner Basic Training class is available on the national Commissioners website (select Commissioner Training at the left and then Basic Training at the bottom of the page). This training will provide the essential information necessary for a new-unit commissioner to work with new units. This training was developed in conjunction with the Unit Performance Guide.

PRECHARTER UNIT ORGANIZATION

Assist the new-unit organizer in the unit organization process. Focus on things that will ensure long-term success for the unit, which include recruiting enough youth (at least 10) and adults (at least five), Youth Protection training and appropriate leader training, a leadership succession plan, familiarity with Journey to Excellence and Voice of the Scout, and an annual program plan. Help unit leaders set a vision for unit success, goal planning, and program planning consistent with the Journey to Excellence requirements. Encourage the key leadership to visit a wellrun unit to capture the vision of success. With the new-unit organizer, present the charter at a meeting of the chartered organization.

Commissioner Unit Service Plan

A unit service plan enables commissioners to fulfill their mission to help units better serve more youth through Scouting. But as with most things, it probably isn't quite that simple.

A unit service plan provides focus. It is built upon a collaborative assessment of a unit's strengths and needs. Before attempting a collaborative assessment, a unit commissioner must establish a solid relationship with a unit's leaders based on mutual respect and an understanding of one another's motivation for involvement in Scouting and vision of future success for the unit. Once completed, a collaborative assessment enables unit leaders and their unit commissioner to identify and prioritize specific tasks that will strengthen the unit most quickly. Collaborative assessments are a new approach; not all unit leaders are going to immediately understand, or perhaps, accept it. Unit commissioners should do their best to gain acceptance (their relationship with unit leaders will be an asset in that), but each unit needs a customized service plan. Sometimes, the only alternative will be to build that plan based on the unit commissioner's assessment of the unit's strengths and needs. Done well, that should ultimately cause unit leaders to think more highly of unit service and increase their acceptance of a *collaborative* approach to assessment and plan development.

A unit service plan contains actionable information. It includes a limited number (typically five to seven) SMART goals; goals that are **S**pecific, **M**easurable, **A**chievable, **R**elevant and **R**esource oriented, and **T**ime based. SMART goals identify what is going to be done, who is accountable for the task, and when it is expected to be completed. Since collaborative assessments and unit service plans should be updated at least twice each year, the tasks should be sufficiently limited in scope to enable completion within six months. That enables unit leaders and their unit commissioner to remain focused and best supports continuous improvement of the unit.

A unit service plan enables *linkage* to other resources needed to ensure success. Neither unit leaders nor unit commissioners are experts in every element of Scouting. But unit commissioners can provide access to subject matter experts that serve on our district operating committees. If the collaborative assessment identifies, for example, specific needs for training of youth and/or adults, a member of the district training committee would be able to assist. District membership committee members could be a resource in developing new approaches to growing a unit; district camping committee members could assist a unit interested in developing a high-adventure program for its older youth, and so on. Once the need is identified, the unit commissioner can facilitate linkage.

Integrating the unit service plan process and Commissioner Tools' technology provides efficiency. The collaborative assessment and the resulting plan can both be captured in Commissioner Tools using the Detailed Assessment function. Once completed, that information is easily accessible by the unit commissioner, all members of the district's unit service team, and district professionals. In addition, members of the council's unit service team and field service professionals can also review the plan if their support is needed. And, the unit service plan offers the opportunity to replace the variety of other, uncoordinated unit assessment and unit service planning tools with a single, coordinated approach to helping our units better serve more youth through Scouting. Finally, the Simple Assessment function in Commissioner Tools provides a quick and easy way to document plan progress. Simple Assessments document regular, monthly contacts by a unit commissioner. Unit contacts recorded in Commissioner Tools should involve substantive interaction with unit leaders that ensures unit service plan progress or addresses some other significant unit need.

A unit service plan enables commissioners to fulfill their mission to help units better serve more youth through Scouting. And in the process, it enables improved retention of traditional units and improves the performance rating of units using Journey to Excellence metrics. It truly is a better way to provide unit service!

Unit Service Plan

See Appendix 28.

Collaborative Unit Assessment

GUIDELINES FOR COLLABORATIVE UNIT ASSESSMENT

The collaborative unit assessment is held around charter renewal time. Another should be completed six months before charter renewal.

Guidelines and Procedures for Conducting Collaborative Unit Assessment

Process: A collaborative unit assessment should take place around charter renewal time. Traditionally it has been recommended that it be done two weeks prior to the charter renewal deadline. Occasionally this is a very busy time for a unit and the meeting is delayed until just after charter renewal. It is important that the meeting be held within a month either way of the charter renewal due date.

The unit Key 3 should, prior to the meeting, fill out page 1 of the JTE spreadsheet located online at www.scouting.org/JTE. In addition, they should complete the appropriate detailed assessment form sent to them by their commissioner and review the Voice of the Scout feedback. The unit Key 3 will each receive a copy of the unit feedback from the district committee. The unit commissioner should also get the JTE information and complete a detailed assessment form from his or her perspective. The unit commissioner will receive the unit Voice of the Scout feedback from the district commissioner

The agenda should begin with the consideration of the Voice of the Scout feedback using the JTE and detailed assessments as verification. Discussion of goals and specific plans to improve Scout and parent satisfaction with their Scout experience should follow. These plans should then go to the unit committee for discussion and adoption. Usually an improvement in both the JTE and Scout satisfaction occur as those plans are put into practice.

The unit commissioner plays a vital role in this meeting. It can be an emotionally charged meeting, and the unit commissioner should be prepared for that. His or her role is to help the unit Key 3 put the information into the proper perspective and to help the unit Key 3 understand what the feedback indicates. Often the unit commissioner can assist the unit Key 3 in developing plans for change and link district resources with unit needs to implement those changes. There is training available for the unit commissioner both online at www.scouting.org and from the district commissioner.

The second collaborative unit assessment is held six months prior to the charter renewal date. This meeting is held just like the first meeting around charter renewal time except the JTE results will not be available to units at that time. There will be new Voice of the Scout feedback and the unit Key 3 should complete a new collaborative unit assessment form, using those tools together to get an accurate picture of their unit. Again, the unit commissioner plays the same key role. In addition to evaluating the Voice of the Scout feedback and making plans for change to the program, the unit will evaluate its progress toward JTE goals, making adjustments as needed.

The unit commissioner should endeavor to leave the unit Key 3 with the sense that this is an opportunity for change and with hope and enthusiasm for what the unit can become.

In Attendance: Unit Key 3 (unit leader, unit committee chair, and chartered organization representative), unit commissioner, and district executive (whenever a commissioner is unavailable)

What is the purpose of these collaborative unit assessment meetings?

- To set a unit goal action plan to enable the unit to reach JTE at the next charter renewal
- To evaluate the unit's progress toward achieving the Journey to Excellence standards
- To evaluate and make plans to improve the Scouts' and their parents' satisfaction with their Scouting experience
- To review the unit's goals, successes, and vision for the coming year
- To identify any areas of improvement—leadership, program, and membership
- To determine any specific actions needing to be taken to assist with unit improvements and identify who will follow up on those actions
- To schedule any necessary and immediate follow-up to monitor progress
- To provide unit retention

When to conduct the meetings (at least semiannually):

- The collaborative unit assessment occurs around charter renewal time. The second collaborative unit assessment meeting takes place six months prior to the next charter renewal.
- Other times to use the detailed assessment tool:
 - -When there is a change in unit leadership (unit leader, committee chair, chartered organization representative) or a new unit commissioner
 - -As needed when a problem arises

How should the arrangements for this meeting be made?

- If the unit commissioner is new to the unit, he or she speaks to the unit leader during the first unit visit to schedule the meeting date, time, and location. If the unit commissioner has been serving this unit, he or she asks for a meeting around charter renewal and again six months later.
- The dialogue should include:
 - -Approaching the unit leader at an appropriate time and requesting that a meeting be set up with the unit Key 3
 - —Setting the meeting, preferably at the leader's, the chair's, or the chartered organization representative's home
 - —Sending them, through Commissioner Tools, the detailed assessment form to complete prior to the meeting.

- -Letting them know they will be receiving the feedback from Voice of the Scout from the district committee shortly
- -Letting them know the visit will include a discussion of the detailed assessment, JTE and Voice of the Scout feedback, and how the goals and vision of their unit's program can be supported

Why should only the unit leader, chartered organization representative, unit chair, and unit commissioner (and district executive when available) attend the meeting?

- Because the unit Key 3 helps provide leadership and guidance to the unit. Since it is a smaller representative group, they can be more open to analyzing their program, their unit's needs, and steps to be taken to help resolve any issues.
- It also helps open a dialogue between the unit and the district. Once they meet and determine what needs to be done, others can be involved in helping determine in which direction to go and any potential support or resources needed.

What preparation should be made prior to completing the collaborative assessment?

- Review the statistics of the unit available from the local council, the district team. Commissioner Tools, and my. Scouting.org especially looking at:
 - —Journey to Excellence status: Bronze, Silver, or Gold
 - –Voice of the Scout feedback
 - -Detailed assessment form (Appendixes 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9)
 - —Outdoor program participation
 - -Advancement reports
 - Trained leadership status
 - -Unit succession plan
 - -Youth Protection training
 - -Participation in district and council events
 - Roundtable attendance
- If the detailed assessment form was not completed prior to the visit, do so at this time. Analyze and make observations, and review the statistics gathered from the council/ district prior to the collaborative assessment.
- Set another time and meeting for a follow-up prior to the unit's charter renewal.
- The national BSA membership audit validation procedures require that unit health assessments be conducted two times a year, and that the completed form be added to the unit file at the council office.
- Document the health assessment meetings and contacts in Commissioner Tools.
- Provide positive encouragement to the unit, and most important, recognize the unit with its JTE recognition at one of its gatherings.

Present at meeting: Unit Key 3 and unit commissioner (and district executive when the unit commissioner is not available).

Commissioner Tools

The mission of unit service is to help units better serve more youth through Scouting. To accomplish that, commissioners must accomplish four objectives:

- 1. Support unit growth through the Journey to Excellence
- 2. Contact units and capture their strengths and needs in Commissioner Tools
- 3. Link unit needs to district operating committee resources
- 4. Support timely charter renewal.

Commissioner Tools was designed to help commissioners fulfill their mission by providing benefits in four areas:

1. Enabling easy access to actionable information

Commissioners, in real time, will use dashboards to view summary information about a unit's membership, the status of its leaders' youth protection and position-specific training, their participation in district roundtables, and the unit's current needs and opportunities to improve performance. As additional my. Scouting tools come online (such as Advancement and Charter Renewal), commissioners will also have direct access to that information.

2. Enabling improved focus on their primary objectives

Commissioners will be able to work together with a unit's Key 3 to develop a unit service plan: an assessment of the unit's strengths and needs and a prioritized list of action items, including accountability and target dates for completion. Completion of those tasks will enable continuous improvement in Planning and Budget, Membership, Program, and Volunteer Leadership. Through ongoing unit contacts, commissioners will be able to identify unit needs and capture periodic updates of the collaborative assessment of unit health and ensure the plan for improvement is moving forward.

3. Supporting roundtable administration and promotion

Roundtable commissioners will be able to publish dates of upcoming roundtables, agendas, and unit participation information and note key developments. That will enable unit commissioners to effectively promote participation.

4. Supporting commissioner administration

Administrative commissioners will be able to assign unit commissioners and identify their training needs and also identify units that need a commissioner assigned.

They will also be able to identify newly formed units so they can be assigned a dedicated newunit commissioner.

Reports will be available online and can be downloaded in Excel format.

All of Commissioner Tools' benefits are available to all district and council commissioned professionals. They, too, are encouraged to become familiar with it and use it to support volunteers more effectively.

Simply stated, Commissioner Tools is a better way to:

- 1. Improve the retention rate of traditional units
- 2. Support implementation of the unit service plan through detailed assessments and an increased number of significant unit contacts.
- 3. Improve the performance rating of units using Journey to Excellence metrics.

Charter Presentations

PRESENTING THE CHARTER

The new-unit organizer and new-unit commissioner should present the first charter at a full gathering of the chartered organization. For instance, in a church they should present the charter before the full congregation; a service club should present it at a meeting of all of its members. This way, everyone will know that Scouting is a part of the organization's youth program and can share in the pride of ownership.

Youth members and unit leaders should participate in the ceremony as the charter is presented to the head of the chartered organization. Unit leaders and the unit committee may also be installed during this ceremony.

The charter certificate should be framed and appropriately displayed after the ceremony.

ADDITIONAL FOLLOW-UP

Once the unit has been organized, it will need ongoing service from the entire district, both the commissioner staff and district committee. At this point, the new-unit commissioner should step in to give the unit the support it needs to deliver a quality program to a growing membership. The new-unit organizer must be sure the new unit is solidly under the care of a new-unit commissioner before the organizer leaves the unit.

New-unit organizers may want to attend youth meetings or committee meetings periodically just to see how things are going and to enjoy seeing youth and leaders grow in Scouting because of their efforts.

The trainer who helped in the orientation meeting and/or basic leader training should follow up to ensure leaders have an opportunity to attend other supplemental training provided by the district.

Charter Renewal

FIRST CHARTER RENEWAL

The unit Key 3 and the new-unit commissioner will work together through the charter renewal process. This is the time of year when the collaborative unit assessment is done. The unit Key 3, with the new-unit commissioner as their advisor, should use the JTE scores, the Voice of the Scout feedback, and the detailed assessment to set new goals for the coming year. The new-unit commissioner will present the charter at a meeting of the chartered organization. (See Appendixes 5 through 14.)

SECOND CHARTER RENEWAL

Collaborative unit assessment. This meeting takes place about six months before the next charter renewal. The unit Key 3, with the new-unit commissioner as an advisor, should use the Voice of the Scout feedback and the detailed assessment to review their progress toward JTE goals and improved customer satisfaction. At the second charter renewal, the new-unit commissioner will guide the unit Key 3 through the charter renewal process, assisting where needed. By the third charter renewal, the new-unit commissioner will likely just be on call to help.

During the second and third years (12 to 36 months of tenure), the new-unit commissioner will continue serving as an advisor to the unit Key 3, repeating many of the same tasks that took place during the first year. It is the repetition that will help the new unit gain confidence in their ability to do these things for themselves. As unit confidence grows, the new-unit commissioner will play a smaller role in the daily operations of the unit.

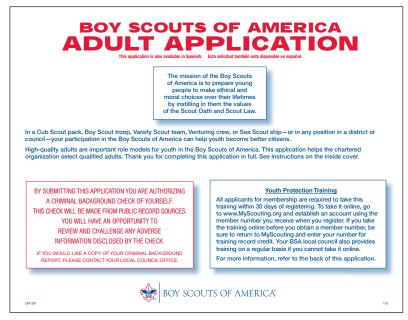
At the time of the third charter renewal, during the collaborative unit assessment, the unit Key 3 and the new-unit commissioner can determine whether the unit is ready for a different commissioner who is more familiar with high-quality unit service. A unit commissioner specializing in tenured units will meet less often with the newly tenured unit and, because he or she is assigned to more than one unit at a time, will bring different perspectives to the unit.

When that change is made, the new-unit commissioner is free and ready to take on another new unit.

Host a celebration. At this time, the unit is no longer considered "new." There should be recognition of this accomplishment. Included in the celebration should be the new-unit organizer, the new-unit commissioner, and all members of the unit.

How to Start a New Unit







Appendixes

- 1. Council Market Analysis Report-Data Sort Example
- 2. **Objectives Progress Report**
- 3. **District Totals Report**
- 4. **Annual Charter Agreement**
- 5. Pack Assessment
- 6. **Troop Assessment**
- 7. Team Assessment
- 8. Crew Assessment
- 9. Ship Assessment
- New-Unit Application 10.
- 11. Founder's Bar
- 12. William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award
- 13. Scouting Family Organization Award
- 14. Commissioner Progress Record
- 15. BeAScout
- 16. Other Prospective Chartered Organizations Unique to My District
- 17. Unregistered Unit Report
- 18. Membership Inventory
- 19. What Makes a Trained Leader?
- 20. Charter Renewal Overflow Page
- 21. Boy Scouts of America Sales Model
- 22. Transfer Forms for Youth and Adult Members
- 23. National Chartered Organizations Using the Traditional Scouting Program
- 24. Memorandum of Understanding
- 25. Unit Budget Plan
- 26. Who Pays for Scouting?
- 27. Unit Money-Earning Application
- 28. Annual Service Plan
- 29. District New-Unit Chart for UPG Methodology

2015 COUNCIL MARKET ANALYSIS REPORT

Strategic Performance Office

The mission of the Boy Scouts of America is to prepare young people to make ethical and moral choices over their lifetimes by instilling in them the values of the Scout Oath and Scout Law.



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Objectives Progress Report Time: 09:12:19

--- Selected Options ---Organizations: All Stop Level Subdistrict

Webelos Scout Density 53878 13.92

Units/Groups Quality Units Youth Yr End Last Yr. End Last Yr Actual Last Yr Actual Goal Last Yr Goal Goal Goal Boy Scouts of Amer. Tiger Cubs 3034
Cub Scouts 8754 Tiger Cubs
Cub Scouts 8754 8377
Webelos 7890 7733 7
Lone Cubs 0 0
Total Cub Scouting 19678 18775 1
Boy Scouts 9548 9261
Lone Scouts 0 0
Varsity Scouts 138 119
Total Boy Scouting 9686 9380
Venturers 778 727
53 51 7723
0 0 0 0 0
21110 344 337 373
9510 292 289 311
25 0 0 0
113 16 16 14
9648 308 305 325
920 81 70 85
53 5 4 4
973 86 74 89
31731 738 716 787 0 0 0
 Venturers
 778
 727
 671

 Sea Scouts
 53
 51
 39

 Total Venturing
 831
 778
 710

 Total Traditional
 30195
 28933
 27860
 3160 4 2 8 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1540 53 48 401 2 5101 Learning For Life LFL Elementary 2480 1357 LFL Junior High 0 0 LFL High School LFL Explorers LFL Special Needs 2 59 1336 1146 Total LFL 34412 31469 307 Rechartered Units YTD Total Unit Commissioners Top Leaders Trained Youth Boys' Life Subs Groups/Posts Renewed YTD Total Youth Population 364685 371972 Total Youth Density 8.63 8.34 Quality Units % of Total 0.00 0.00 Tot Dist Committee Mbrs 476 545 On-time Units/Groups YTD TYP Density TYP Density Total BSA Density 371972 7.49 27591 8.39 54466 14.32 Tiger Cub Density Cub Scout Program Density 135935 12.96 Cub Scout Density Boy Scout Density

Venturing Density

0.46

Appendix 3

Report: 0119 v6.00

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District Totals Report

Time: 12:18:05

		Youth			Adults		Во	ys' Li	fe	On-	Time	Qual	Unit	1009	BL	Ldr	Trn	Uni	ts
	Last Year	Last Mo.	This Mo.	Last Year	Last Mo.	This Mo.	Last Year	Last Mo.	This Mo.	Last Year		Last Year	This	Last Year		Last Year		Last Year	
Boy Scouts of Amer.											20			*					
Tiger Cubs	2665	1884	2328	362	286	304	2357	1633	1986										
Cub Scouts	8377	7398	7813	3447	2962	3106	6842	5949	6192	303	276	0	0	178	166	167	183	344	337
Webelos	7733	7295	7505	458	396	401	5908	5580	5693										
Lone Cubs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.	, 0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Cub Scouting	18775	16577	17646	4267	3644	3811	15107	13162	13871	303	276	0	0	178	166	167	183	344	337
Boy Scouts	9261	9328	9426	5370	5070	5125	5762	5855	5875	268	250	0	0	142	138	114	145	292	289
Lone Scouts	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Varsity Scouts	119	113	114	49	50	53	3	0	0	14	13	0	0	0	0	0	1	16	16
Total Boy Scouting	9380	9441	9540	5419	5120	5178	5765	5855	5875	282	263	0	0	142	138	114	146	308	305
Venturers	727	647	676	383	341	349	26	28	28	68	60	0	0	1	0	25	27	81	70
Sea Scouts	51	38	39	36	22	22	1	0	0	4	3	0	0	0	0	1	1	5	4
Total Venturing	778	685	715	419	363	371	27	28	28	72	63	0	0	1	0	26	28	86	74
Non-Units	0	0	0	248	190	192	4	4	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total Traditional	28933	26703	27901	10353	9317	9552	20903	19049	19778	657	602	0	0	321	304	307	357	738	716
Learning For Life																			
LFL Elementary	1357	2480	1072	6	8	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	2
LFL Junior High	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LFL High School	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
LFL Explorers	1146	946	1080	276	241	245	0	0	0	43	36	40	26	0	0	0	0	53	48
LFL Special Needs	33	401	1000	6	16	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2
Total LFL	2536	3827	3152	288	265	252	0	0	0	43	36	40	26	0	0	0	0	59	52
TOTAL	31469	30530	31053	10641	9582	9804	20903	19049	19778	700	638	40	26	321	304	307	357	797	768

		and the			Council, BSA
Cha	rtered Organization			Local Council	
Pack No	Troop No	Team No.		Crew No	Ship No
	(Please identify	those units chartered	d by t	he Chartered Organization.)	
				prepare young people to ma principles taught in the Scout	
of the BSA to furt		g the youth it su	ippo	n that serves youth, desires rts. The Local Council provid I in its use of Scouting.	
The Chartered	d Organization agre	es to:	•	Assure that adults selected as	
	g to further the Chartered ues for youth.	Organization's		by, at a minimum, having of the Chartered Organizate each application.	the appropriate leaders ation review and sign
program to a	rganizations must utilize accomplish specific object of the following:		•	Ensure appropriate facilities meetings to facilitate the Organization and Scouting.	
o Youth ch	aracter development		•	Encourage adult leaders	
o Career sl	kill development			applicable training made avai	lable by the council.
o Commun	ity service		The	Local Council agrees	to
o Patriotisr	m and military and veteran	recognition		•	
Conduct the	sed youth ministry Scouting program consist		•	Respect the aims and objection organization and assist the Comaking available Scouting res	hartered Organization by
the My Scout	ions, and policies. They making website and at the following.org/Membership/Cspx.	owing location:	•	Make available to the Cha its units and members pro resources, and other Scouting	gram training, program
program to p social advoca opposition to	ganizations must not use ursue any objectives relate acy, including partisan polit government action or con- ocial issues or causes.	d to political or ics, support or	•	Make available training and so Organization and for the COR the Chartered Organization, the BSA. Track and require all un Youth Protection Training.	the primary link between ne Local Council, and the
Be represent Scouting di Representativ Chartered Or contact between	ted in the Local Council istrict by a Chartered we (COR), who will be appropriation. The COR will been the Chartered Organi	Organization pointed by the point of zation and the		Conduct criminal background approved by the Chartered Or Provide camping opportunitie and professional staff to assist tin developing a successful Sco	ganization. s, administrative support, he Chartered Organization
and council o will, with the C volunteer lea- for its consid	I; will serve as a voting mer committees on which the Co Chartered Organization, sele ders for submission to the leration. The COR will wor sponsored by the Chartered	OR serves; and ect and approve Local Council k with the unit	•	Provide primary general liab the Chartered Organization, employees, and Scouting me authorized Scouting activities. Organization in accordance	bility insurance to cover its board, officers, COR, mbers and volunteers for Indemnify the Chartered with the resolutions and
 Support unit persons for e 	committee(s) made up of each unit.	at least three		policies of the National Exec Scouts of America.	culive board of the Boy
Signed		Ti+	:le		Date





524-182 2015

2016 Pack Assessment

Pack	of	District
rack	OI .	DISTIICE

2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence

Item	Objective	Bronze Level	Silver Level	Gold Level	Bronze Points	Silver Points	Gold Points
	Planning and Budget				Total I	Points:	200
#1	Planning and Budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the pack committee, and it follows BSA policies relating to fundraising.	Have an annual program plan and budget adopted by the pack committee.	Achieve Bronze, plus pack committee meets at least six times during the year to review program plans and finances.	Achieve Silver, plus pack communicates annual program plan and budget prior to October 31, 2015.	50	100	200
	Membership				Total I	Points:	500
#2	Building Cub Scouting: Have an increase in Cub Scout membership or maintain a larger than average pack size.	Conduct a formal recruitment program by October 31 and register new members in the pack.	Achieve Bronze, and either increase youth members by 5% or have at least 40 members.	Achieve Silver, and either increase youth members by 10% or have at least 60 members.	50	100	200
#3	Retention: Retain a significant percentage of youth members.	Reregister 60% of eligible members, or have improvement over the prior year.	Reregister 65% of members, or reregister 60% and have improvement over the prior year.	Reregister 75% of members, or reregister 65% and have improvement over the prior year.	50	100	200
#4	Webelos-to-Scout transition: Have an effective plan to graduate Webelos Scouts into Boy Scout troop(s).	With a troop, hold two joint activities or 75% of second year Webelos have completed "The Scouting Adventure."	60% of eligible Webelos register with a troop.	80% of eligible Webelos register with a troop and the pack has at least one active den chief.	25	50	100
	Program				Total I	Points:	900
#5	Advancement: Achieve a high percentage of Cub Scouts earning rank advancements.	Have 50% of Cub Scouts advance one rank	Have 60% of Cub Scouts advance	Have 75% of Cub Scouts advance	100	200	300
#6	Outdoor activities: Conduct outdoor activities and field trips.	Each den has the opportunity to participate in three outdoor activities or field trips during the year.	Each den has the opportunity to participate in four outdoor activities or field trips during the year.	Each den has the opportunity to participate in five outdoor activities or field trips during the year.	50	100	200
#7	Day/resident/family camp: Cub Scouts attend day camp, family camp, and/or resident camp.	33% of Cub Scouts participate in a camping experience or improvement over the prior year.	50%, or 33% and have improvement over the prior year.	75%, or 50% and have improvement over the prior year.	50	100	200
#8	Service projects: Participate in service projects.	Participate in two service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in three service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Achieve Silver, plus at least one of the service projects is conservation-oriented.	25	50	100
#9	Pack and den meetings: Dens and the pack have regular meetings.	Hold eight pack meetings a year. Den or pack meetings have started by October 31.	Achieve Bronze, plus dens meet at least twice a month during the school year.	Achieve Silver, plus earn the Summertime Pack Award.	25	50	100
	Volunteer Leadership				Total I	Points:	400
#10	Leadership recruitment: The pack is proactive in recruiting sufficient leaders.	Have a Cubmaster, assistant Cubmaster and a committee with at least three members.	Achieve Bronze, and by May 31, the pack committee identifies pack and den leadership for the next year.	Achieve Silver, plus every den has a registered leader by October 15.	50	100	200
#11	Trained leadership: Have a trained and engaged leaders at all levels.	Cubmaster, den leaders, and assistants have completed an orientation and youth protection training.	Achieve Bronze, plus the Cubmaster and den leaders have completed position- specific training or, if new, will complete within three months of joining.	Achieve Silver, plus two-thirds of registered committee members have completed position-specific training for the pack committee.	50	100	200
	Bronze: Earn at least 525 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives. Silver: Earn at least 800 points by earning points in at least 8 objectives.						

Bronze: Earn at least 525 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives. Silver: Earn at least 800 points by earning points in at least 8 objectives. Gold: Earn at least 1,050 points by earning points in at least 8 objectives.		Total points earned: No. of objectives with points:
Our pack has completed online rechartering by the deadline in order to maintain co. We certify that these requirements have been completed:	ontinuity of our program.	
Cubmaster	Date	
Committee chair	Date	
Commissioner	Date	



This form should be turned in to the Scout service center or your unit commissioner with your charter renewal paperwork.

2016 Troop Assessment Section: 1 **Troop Contact Details** Unit Date of Contact Contact Made By Section: 2 **Training and Membership YPT Current** YPT Expired YPT Never Taken Training Data As Of Leaders Not Trained Leaders Trained Leaders Not Trained List YPT Status List Youth Registered in Unit Adults Registered in Unit Section: 3 **Planning and Budget** Planning and Budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the committee, and it follows BSA policies related to fundraising.

Troo	0	of	District

2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence

Item	Objective	Bronze Level	Silver Level	Gold Level	Bronze Points	Silver Points	Gold Points
	Planning and Budget				Total F	Points:	200
#1	Planning and budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the committee, and it follows BSA policies related to fundraising.	Have an annual program plan and budget adopted by the troop committee.	Achieve Bronze, plus troop committee meets at least six times during the year to review program plans and finances.	Achieve Silver, plus troop conducts a planning meeting involving youth leaders for the following program year.	50	100	200
	Membership				Total F	Points:	500
#2	Building Boy Scouting: Have an increase in Boy Scout membership or maintain a larger than average troop size.	Have a membership growth plan that includes a recruitment activity and register new members in the troop.	Achieve Bronze, and either increase youth members by 5% or have at least 25 members.	Achieve Silver, and either increase youth members by 10% or have at least 35 members.	50	100	200
#3	Retention: Retain a significant percentage of youth members.	Reregister 75% of eligible members or have improvement over prior year.	Reregister 80% of eligible members.	Reregister 85% of eligible members.	50	100	200
#4	Webelos-to-Scout transition: Have an effective plan to recruit Webelos Scouts into the troop.	With a pack or Webelos den, hold two joint activities.	Achieve Bronze, plus recruit two Webelos Scouts.	Achieve Bronze, plus provide at least one den chief to a pack and recruit five Webelos Scouts.	25	50	100
	Program				Total F	Points:	900
#5	Advancement: Achieve a high percentage of Boy Scouts earning rank advancements.	Have 40% of Boy Scouts advance one rank or have improvement over prior year.	Have 50% of Boy Scouts advance one rank.	Have 60% of Boy Scouts advance one rank.	50	100	200
#6	Short-term camping: Conduct short-term or weekend campouts throughout the year.	Conduct four short-term overnight campouts.	Conduct seven short-term overnight campouts.	Conduct nine short-term overnight campouts.	50	100	200
#7	Long-term camping: Participate in a long-term camp with a majority of the troop in attendance.	The troop participates in a long- term camp.	60% of Scouts attend a long- term camp.	70% of Scouts attend a long- term camp.	50	100	200
#8	Service projects: Participate in service projects, with at least one benefiting the chartered organization.	Participate in three service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in four service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in five service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	25	50	100
#9	Patrol method: Use the patrol method to develop youth leaders.	The troop has patrols, and each has a patrol leader. There is an SPL, if more than one patrol. The PLC meets at least four times a year.	Achieve Bronze, plus PLC meets at least six times. The troop conducts patrol leader training.	Achieve Silver, plus PLC meets at least ten times. At least one Scout has attended an advanced training course, such as NYLT or Order of the Arrow Conference.	50	100	200
	Volunteer Leadership				Total F	Points:	400
#10	Leadership and family engagement: The troop is proactive in recruiting sufficient leaders and communicates regularly with parents.	Have a Scoutmaster, an assistant Scoutmaster, and a committee with at least three members.	Achieve Bronze, plus the troop holds two courts of honor, where troop plans are reviewed with parents.	Achieve Bronze, plus the troop holds three courts of honor, where troop plans are reviewed with parents.	50	100	200
#11	Trained leadership: Have a trained and engaged leaders at all levels.	Scoutmaster and assistants have completed an orientation and youth protection training.	Achieve Bronze, plus the Scoutmaster and 60% of assistants have completed position-specific training or, if new, will complete within three months of joining.	Achieve Silver, plus two-thirds of active committee members must have completed Troop Committee Challenge and at least one person has attended Wood Badge.	50	100	200
	Bronze: Earn at least 525 points by earning points Silver: Earn at least 750 points by earning points i Gold: Earn at least 1,000 points by earning points	n at least 8 objectives.		Total point		n points:	
	Our troop has completed online rechartering by the	deadline in order to maintain co.	ntinuity of our program.				
	We certify that these requirements have been comp	pleted:					

This form should be turned in to the Scout service center or your unit commissioner with your charter renewal paperwork.

Scoutmaster ____

Committee chair ____



Date _____

Date _____ Date _____

2016 Team Assessment Section: 1 **Team Contact Details** Unit Date of Contact Contact Made By Section: 2 **Training and Membership YPT Current** YPT Expired YPT Never Taken Training Data As Of Leaders Not Trained Leaders Trained Leaders Not Trained List YPT Status List Youth Registered in Unit Adults Registered in Unit Section: 3 **Planning and Budget** Planning and Budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the committee, and it follows BSA policies related to fundraising.

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2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence

Item	Objective	Bronze Level	Silver Level	Gold Level	Bronze Points	Silver Points	Gold Points
	Planning and Budget				Total F	oints:	200
#1	Planning and budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the committee and follow BSA policies related to fundraising.	Have an annual program plan and budget adopted by the team committee.	Achieve Bronze, plus team committee meets at least six times during the year to review program plans and finances.	Achieve Silver, plus team conducts a planning meeting involving youth leaders for the following program year.	50	100	200
	Membership				Total F	Points:	400
#2	Building Varsity Scouting: Have a membership recruiting plan to grow team membership.	Have a membership growth plan that includes a recruitment event and register new members in the team.	Achieve Bronze, and have a net increase of at least one member over the prior year.	Achieve Bronze, and have a net increase of at least two members over the prior year.	50	100	200
#3	Retention: Retain a significant percentage of youth members.	Reregister 60% of eligible members.	Reregister 75% of eligible members.	Reregister 90% of eligible members.	50	100	200
	Program: Five Fields of Emphasis				Total F	Points:	1,000
#4	Advancement: Achieve a high percentage of Varsity Scouts earning rank advancements.	Have 40% of Varsity Scouts earn a least one rank, Varsity Letter, or the Denali Award.	Have 50% of Varsity Scouts earn a least one rank, Varsity Letter, or the Denali Award.	Have 60% of Varsity Scouts earn a least one rank, Varsity Letter, or the Denali Award.	50	100	200
#5	High adventure/sports: The team participates in high adventure activities.	Participate in at least one high adventure activity.	60% of Varsity Scouts attend a high adventure activity.	70% of Varsity Scouts attend a high adventure activity.	50	100	200
#6	Personal development: Provide opportunities and encouragement for personal development.	The team has a youth captain and the program includes opportunities for personal development for every member.	Achieve bronze, plus every field of emphasis has a youth program manager.	Achieve Silver, plus Varsity Scouts have attended advanced training courses through the BSA, a religious or educational institution.	50	100	200
#7	Service projects: Participate in service projects, with at least one benefiting the chartered organization.	Participate in three service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in four service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in five service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	50	100	200
#8	Special programs/events: Participate in activities at a district, council, regional, or national level.	Team actively participates in two special events.	Team actively participates in three special events.	Team actively participates in four special events.	50	100	200
	Volunteer Leadership				Total F	Points:	400
#9	Leadership and family engagement: Have a proactive approach in recruiting sufficient leaders and communicating with parents.	Have a coach, an assistant coach, and a committee with at least three members.	Achieve Bronze, plus the team holds two courts of honor, where team plans are reviewed with parents.	Achieve Bronze, plus the team holds three courts of honor, where team plans are reviewed with parents.	50	100	200
#10	Trained leadership: Have trained and engaged leaders at all levels.	Coach and assistants have completed an orientation and youth protection training.	Achieve Bronze, plus the coach and assistants have completed position-specific training or, if new, will complete within three months of joining.	Achieve Silver, plus each program field has a trained advisor.	50	100	200
	Bronze: Earn at least 500 points by earning points Silver: Earn at least 750 points by earning points is	•		Total point	s earned:		
	Gold: Earn at least 1,000 points by earning points	in at least 8 objectives.		No. of obje	ctives with	n points:	
	Our team has completed online rechartering by the	deadline in order to maintain co.	ntinuity of our program.				

ш	Bronze: Earn at least 500 points by earning points in at least 6 objectives.		Total points earned:
	Silver: Earn at least 750 points by earning points in at least 8 objectives.		
	Gold: Earn at least 1,000 points by earning points in at least 8 objectives.		No. of objectives with points
_ _	Our team has completed online rechartering by the deadline in order to maintain We certify that these requirements have been completed:	continuity of our program.	
	Coach	Date	
	Committee chair	Date	
	Commissioner	Date	

This form should be turned in to the Scout service center or your unit commissioner with your charter renewal paperwork.



2016 Crew Assessment

Section: 1	Crew Contact Details	
Unit		
Date of Contact		
Contact Made By		
Contact Made by		
Section: 2	Training and Membership	
YPT Current		
YPT Expired		
YPT Never Taken		
Training Data As C)f	
Leaders Not Traine		
Leaders Trained		
YPT Status List		
Youth Registered i	n Unit	
Adults Registered	In Unit	
Section: 3	Planning and Budget	
	get: Have a program plan and budget that is by the committee, and it follows BSA policies ing.	
	Personal and Confidential for Authorize Page 1	ed BSA Use Only

2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence

Item	Objective	Bronze Level	Silver Level	Gold Level	Bronze Points	Silver Points	Gold Points
	Planning and Budget				Total I	Points:	200
#1	Planning and budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the committee, and it follows BSA policies relating to fundraising.	Have an annual program plan and budget adopted by the crew committee.	Achieve Bronze, plus crew committee meets at least six times during the year to review program plans and finances.	Achieve Silver, plus crew conducts a planning meeting involving youth leaders for the following program year.	50	100	200
	Membership				Total I	Points:	500
#2	Building Venturing: Have an increase in Venturing membership or maintain a larger than average crew size.	Have a membership growth plan that includes a recruitment activity and register new members in the crew.	Achieve Bronze, and either increase youth members by 5% or have at least 10 members.	Achieve Silver, and either increase youth members by 10% or have at least 15 members with an increase over last year.	100	200	300
#3	Retention: Retain a significant percentage of youth members.	Reregister 50% of eligible members or have improvement over prior year.	Reregister 60% of eligible members.	Reregister 75% of eligible members.	50	100	200
	Program				Total I	Points:	800
#4	Adventure: Conduct regular activities including a Tier II or Tier III adventure.	Conduct at least four activities including a Tier II or Tier III adventure.	Conduct at least five activities and at least 50% of youth participate in a Tier II or Tier III adventure.	Conduct at least six activities and at least 50% of youth participate in a Tier II or Tier III adventure.	50	100	200
#5	Leadership: Develop youth who will provide leadership to crew meetings and activities.	Have a president, vice president, secretary, and treasurer leading the crew.	Achieve Bronze, plus officers meet at least six times. The crew conducts officer training.	Achieve Silver level, plus each crew activity has a youth leader.	50	100	200
#6	Personal growth: Provide opportunities for achievement and self-actualization.	Crew members participate in advancement by earning the Venturing Award.	Achieve Bronze, plus crew program includes at least three experiential training sessions.	Achieve Silver level, plus the crew has members earning the Discovery, Pathfinder or Summit Awards.	50	100	200
#7	Service: Participate in service projects, with at least one benefiting the chartered organization.	Participate in two service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in three service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in four service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	50	100	200
	Volunteer Leadership				Total I	Points:	500
#8	Leadership recruitment: Have a proactive approach in recruiting sufficient leaders and communicating with parents.	Have an advisor, associate advisor, and a committee with at least three members.	Achieve Bronze, plus the crew holds a meeting where plans are reviewed with parents.	Achieve Silver, plus adult leadership is identified by May 31 for the next program year.	50	100	200
#9	Trained leadership: Have trained and engaged leaders at all levels.	Advisor and associates have completed an orientation and youth protection training.	Achieve Bronze, plus the advisor and associates have completed position-specific training or, if new, will complete within three months of joining.	Achieve Silver, plus at least two committee members have completed crew committee training.	100	200	300

	Bronze: Earn at least 550 points by earning points in at least 6 objectives.		Total points earned:			
	Silver: Earn at least 800 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives. Gold: Earn at least 1,100 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives.		No of chications with mainter			
ш	Carri at least 1, 100 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives.		No. of objectives with points:			
	Our crew has completed online rechartering by the deadline in order to maintain continuity of our program.					
	We certify that these requirements have been completed:					
	Advisor	Date				
	Crew President					
	Commissioner	Dete				

This form should be turned in to the Scout service center or your unit commissioner with your charter renewal paperwork.



2016 Ship Assessment

Section: 1	Ship Contact Details	
Jnit		
Date of Contact		
Contact Made By		
Section: 2	Training and Membership	
YPT Current		
YPT Expired		
YPT Never Taken		
Training Data As	Of	
Leaders Not Train		
Leaders Trained		
YPT Status List		
Youth Registered	in Unit	
Adults Registered		
Section: 3	Planning and Budget	
	get: Have a program plan and budget that is d by the committee, and it follows BSA policies sing.	
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2016 Scouting's Journey to Excellence

Item	Objective	Bronze Level	Silver Level	Gold Level	Bronze Points	Silver Points	Gold Points
	Planning and Budget				Total F	oints:	200
#1	Planning and budget: Have a program plan and budget that is regularly reviewed by the committee, and it follows BSA policies relating to fundraising.	Have an annual program plan and budget adopted by the ship committee.	Achieve Bronze, plus ship committee meets at least six times during the year to review program plans and finances.	Achieve Silver, plus ship conducts a planning meeting involving youth leaders for the following program year.	50	100	200
	Membership				Total F	Points:	500
#2	Building Sea Scouting: Have an increase in Sea Scouting membership or maintain a larger than average ship size.	Have a membership growth plan that includes a recruitment activity and register new members in the ship.	Achieve Bronze, and either increase youth members by 5% or have at least 10 members.	Achieve Silver, and either increase youth members by 10% or have at least 15 members with an increase over last year.	100	200	300
#3	Retention: Retain a significant percentage of youth members.	Reregister 50% of eligible members or have improvement over prior year.	Reregister 60% of eligible members.	Reregister 75% of eligible members.	50	100	200
	Program				Total F	Points:	800
#4	Activities: Conduct regular activities including a super activity or long cruise.	Conduct at least four activities including a super activity or long cruise.	Conduct at least five activities and at least 50% of youth participate in super activity or long cruise.	Conduct at least six activities and at least 50% of youth participate in a super activity or long cruise.	50	100	200
#5	Leadership: Develop youth who will provide leadership to ship meetings and activities.	Have an elected boatswain, boatswain's mate, yeoman, and purser leading the ship.	Achieve Bronze, plus officers have Quarterdeck meetings at least six times. The ship conducts Quarterdeck training.	Achieve Silver, plus each ship activity has a youth leader.	50	100	200
#6	Advancement: Provide opportunities for advancement and personal development.	Ship members participate in advancement by earning the Apprentice Rank.	Achieve Bronze, plus ship has organized programs addressing fitness and citizenship.	Achieve Silver, plus the ship has members earning the Ordinary, Able or Quartermaster Ranks.	50	100	200
#7	Service: Participate in service projects, with at least one benefiting the chartered organization.	Participate in two service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in three service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	Participate in four service projects and enter the hours on the JTE website.	50	100	200
	Volunteer Leadership				Total F	Points:	500
#8	Leadership recruitment: Have a proactive approach in recruiting sufficient leaders and communicating with parents.	Have an skipper, mate, and a committee with at least three members.	Achieve Bronze, plus the ship holds a meeting where plans are reviewed with parents.	Achieve Silver, plus adult leadership is identified by May 31 for the next program year.	50	100	200
#9	Trained leadership: Have trained and engaged leaders at all levels.	Skipper and mates have completed an orientation and youth protection training.	Achieve Bronze, plus the skipper and mates have completed position-specific training or, if new, will complete within three months of joining.	Achieve Silver, plus at least two committee members have completed committee training.	100	200	300
	Bronze: Earn at least 550 points by earning points Silver: Earn at least 800 points by earning points is	•		Total point	ts earned:		
	Gold: Earn at least 1,100 points by earning points	in at least 7 objectives.		No. of obje	ctives with	n points:	

Bronze: Earn at least 550 points by earning points in at least 6 objectives.		Total points earned:
Silver: Earn at least 800 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives.		
Gold: Earn at least 1,100 points by earning points in at least 7 objectives.		No. of objectives with
Our ship has completed online rechartering by the deadline in order to maintain		
We certify that these requirements have been completed:		
Skipper	Date	
Boatswain	Date	

This form should be turned in to the Scout service center or your unit commissioner with your charter renewal paperwork.



2015 Printing

524-402

NEW-UNIT APPLICATION

Cub Scouting

Purpose of the Boy Scouts of America

Purpose of the Boy Scouts of America Its purpose is to promote, through cooperation with other agencies, the ability of youth to do things for themselves and others, and to teach them patriotism, courage, self-reliance, and kindred virtues. In achieving this purpose, emphasis is placed upon its educational program and the oaths, promises, and codes for character development, citizenship training, and mental and physical fitness.

Cub Scouting is for parents, leaders, and organizations to use with boys who are in the first through fifth grade or are 7 through 10 years old.

Boy Scouting is an educational program filled with fun and adventure that appeals to boys.

Boys must be under the age of 18 and at least 11, or have completed the fifth grade and be at least 10 years old, or have earned the Arrow of Light Award in Cub Scouting and be at least 10 years old.

Varsity Scouting is a program designed to assist your organization in meeting the needs and interests of older boys. Boys must be at least age 14 and not yet age 18.

Venturing Crew/Ship
Venturing will help your organization meet
the needs, desires, and concerns of young
adults. Young men and women must be ages
14 through 20, or 13 with the completion of the
eighth grade.



Varsity Scouting



Venturer/Sea Scout





Boy Scouting

A CHARTERED ORGANIZATION

The chartered organization selects one of its members to register as chartered organization representative who may also serve as chair or as unit committee member if needed. All units must have a unit leader and a minimum of five paid youth. There must be at least three committee members, with one named chair. Packs must have a den leader/Webelos den leader/Tiger leader who should be registered leader inger leader who should be registered as an adult in the pack. The chartered organization also provides meeting facilities for the unit. No one may register in more than one position in the same unit, except the chartered organization representative.

Unit Liability Insurance Fee. Units are required to pay an annual unit liability insurance fee of \$40. This fee must be submitted with the unit's char-ter application and will help defray the expenses for the general liability insurance program. These fees will raise approximately 25 percent of the funds required to maintain insurance coverage for all chartered organizations, leaders, and ScoutParent unit coordinators.

Chartered Organization Certification. The executive officer of the chartered organization, by signature, certifies that the organization approves the charter application. The executive officer also certifies that the organization has approved all registering unit adults. The responsibility for approval of unit adults can also be given to the chartered organization representative. The chartered organization certifies that all registered adults: agree to abide by the Scout Oath and the Scout Law, the Declaration of Religious Principle, the policy of nondiscrimination, and the Charter and Bylaws and the Rules and Regulations of the Boy Scouts of America; agree to respect and obey the laws of the United States of America, and to meet age requirements as follows:

 Packs—All leaders must be at least 21 years of age except assistants, who must be at least 18 years of age. Tiger adult partners must be at least 18 years of age.

- -Assistant Scoutmasters may be 18. All other adults in the troop must be at least 21.
- Teams—Varsity Scout Coaches must be at least 21 years old. Assistant Varsity Scout Coaches must be at least 18 years old.
- Crews/Ships—All leaders must be at least 21 vears old.

CHARTERED ORGANIZATION USE OF THE SCOUTING PROGRAM:

- 1. Chartered organizations must use the Scouting program to accomplish their objectives in a manner consistent with the Bylaws, Rules and Regulations, guidelines, policies, and other publications available on the BSA national website, located at http://www.scouting.org/membership/charter_orgs/resources.aspx.
- The Charter and Bylaws of the Boy Scouts of America
- The Mission of the Boy Scouts of America
- The Rules and Regulations of the Boy Scouts
- The Scout Oath and the Scout Law, including Duty to God
- BSA Youth Protection policies and guidelines, including mandatory reporting
- The Guide to Safe Scouting
- The Sweet Sixteen of BSA Safety Scouter Code of Conduct
- Chartered Organization Agreement
- Chartered organizations must utilize the Scouting program to accomplish specific objectives related to one or more of the following:
- Youth character development
- Career skill development
- Community service
- · Patriotism and military and veteran recognition
- · Faith-based youth ministry

- Chartered organizations must not use the Scouting program to pursue any objectives related to political or social advocacy, including partisan politics, support of or opposition to government action, or controversial legal, political, or social issues or causes.
- 4. Chartered organizations must not use their chartered organization affiliation or the Scouting brand as a means to imply Scouting's endorsementoftheobjectivesoftheirorganiza-tion except with respect to youth development consistent with the goals and objectives of the Scouting program.
- Chartered organizations must not use the Scouting program to obtain financial support or assistance except as authorized for the char-
- 6. To your knowledge, has your organization, or anyone currently employed or affiliated with it who will be interacting with youth, ever been the subject of an order arising out of the abuse of another person or been convicted of a crime or the subject of an alternative to criminal proceedings for conduct involving: violence or any type of abuse of another person; possession, manufacture, or distribution of illegal substances or pornography; or other act that would disqualify them under state law or call into question their suitability in working with youth?

Yes

The Boy Scouts of America requires that all chartered organizations, adult leaders, adult program participants, and youth members subscribe to the Declaration of Religious Prin-ciple, or "duty to God," as set forth in the Bylaws of the Boy Scouts of America as follows.

Clause 1. The Boy Scouts of America maintains that no member can grow into the best kind of citizen without recognizing an obligation to God. In the first part of the Scout Oath the

NEW-UNIT APPLICATION Print one letter in each space—leave a space between words	Council No.	
Chrt. org. code Full name of chartered organization		
District NoName	County Spi	ecial needs or special-interest type
Type of organization	If religious organization, denomination	
If not for profit, type of organization	If not for profit, purpose of organization	
Mailing address of chartered organization		
City	State Zip code	
Physical address of chartered organization, if different		М
City	State Zip code	OF C
Website address of chartered organization		TOCAL COUNCIL COPY
Executive officer: First name	Middle name Last name	Suffix
Sex County	Executive officer email address: Work OHome	
Address	Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy)	
City		୍ର one No.
		one No.
Pack (C) Team (V) Ship (P) Effective date	No. Term (months) Expire date (month and year) Unit No. Yout	th registration fees \$
Troop (S) Crew (P) Special-interest code—Description 100	0% Boys' Life unit First issue Last issue Subscription term (months)	der registration rees 3
		s' Life fees \$
Signature of executive officer	Total Signature (for the council)	Il fees \$
		524-402
NEW-UNIT APPLICATION Print one letter in each space – leave a space between words	Council No.	
Print one letter in each space-leave a space between words		ecial needs or special-interest type
Print one letter in each space—leave a space between words Chrt. org. code Full name of chartered organization District No.—Name		vecial needs or special-interest type
Print one letter in each space—leave a space between words Chrt. org. code Full name of chartered organization District No.—Name	. County Sp	ecial needs or special-interest type
Print one letter in each space—leave a space between words Chrt. org. code Full name of chartered organization	County Sp If religious organization, denomination	secial needs or special-interest type
Print one letter in each space—leave a space between words Chrt. org. code Full name of chartered organization District No.—Name Type of organization If not for profit, type of organization Mailing address of chartered organization	County Sp If religious organization, denomination If not for profit, purpose of organization	ecial needs or special-interest type
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Print one letter in each space—leave a space between words Chrt. org. code Full name of chartered organization District No.—Name Type of organization If not for profit, type of organization Mailing address of chartered organization City Physical address of chartered organization, if different City Website address of chartered organization Executive officer: First name Executive officer: First name City City City Bex County Address City City Effective date Troop (S) Crew (P)	County If religious organization, denomination If not for profit, purpose of organization State Zip code State Zip code Last name Last name Last name Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy) State Zip code Ph Term (months) Expire date (month and year) Unit No. Yout Leac Boys' Life unit First issue Last issue Subscription term (months) Boys' Boys' Life unit First issue Last issue Subscription term (months)	Suffix Suffix In registration fees \$

Danition

In celebration of the 100th Anniversary of the Boy Scouts of America, the New-Unit Task Force announces the new Founder's Bar recognition.

The Founder's Bar is worn by all youth and adults whose names are on a new-unit charter or who officially join the new unit before the unit recharters for the first time. Members of veteran units still in operation who were on the original charter may also wear the Founder's Bar with that unit's numerals.

This recognition will emphasize the importance and pride of forming and nurturing a new Scouting unit. While it does not guarantee the unit will become a Quality Unit, it does encourage multiple-year rechartering so members may continue to wear the bar.

Once the unit has completed its charter, members may begin wearing the Founder's Bar. The Founder's Bar is worn on the left shoulder below the unit numerals.

The Founder's Bar, certificate, and pocket certificate are available for distribution. Contact your local Scout shop for more information.



Founder's Bar, No. 610129



Founder's Bar Pocket Certificate, No. 34776



Founder's Bar Certificate, No. 34775



2010 Printing

The William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award

In a heavy London fog in 1909, American businessman William D. Boyce became lost. He was approached by a youth who took Mr. Boyce to his destination. When offered a tip by Boyce, this unknown Scout refused to accept it, saying that he could not accept money for a good turn. This "Good Turn" gave birth to the Scouting movement in America. William D. Boyce was one of those organizing individuals who could see thousands of American youth exhibiting similar values.

To support efforts to have Scouting in every community in America, the Boy Scouts of America presents the William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award to volunteers who exemplify Boyce's organizing spirit.

The award is earned by organizing one new unit. The award consists of a square knot against a background of gold, green, and red. A device for each type of unit organized can be worn with the square knot.

Description

The William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award is presented to recognize volunteers who organize one or more new units.



The award may be worn on the adult uniform. The award is a square knot representing the phases of our program—Cub Scouting, Boy Scouting, Varsity Scouting, Venturing, Sea Scouting, and Exploring. A volunteer can earn the knot by organizing one new unit, and a program device can be earned for up to three additional units organized.

The award was developed to recognize volunteers for organizing new units anytime after March 1, 2005.

The award is administered by the National Alliances Team, Membership Impact Department and will be presented by the local council.

Requirements and Eligibility

1. With the approval of the district committee chair or district membership chair, the volunteer serves as the organizer and completes the successful organization of one new unit (Cub Scout pack, Boy Scout troop, Varsity team, Venturing crew, Sea Scout ship, Explorer post, or Explorer club).

- 2. The volunteer organizes the unit by following all procedures as published in the Unit Performance Guide (No. 525-025) using the four pillar steps: 1) Know the Market, 2) Make the Call, 3) Build the Unit, and 4) Grow the Unit, in particularly ensuring a new-unit commissioner has been recruited and works with the new-unit organizer at the very beginning of the organizational process. Unit Performance Guide standards to be met: 10 new youth, five adults, unit Key 3, engaged chartered organization. Note: The chartered organization representative is not a multiple position.
- 3. Quite often several individuals help to organize a new unit. We understand that "it takes a district to support a unit." However, for this award, only one volunteer can be recognized as the organizer for a new unit.
- 4. To further recognize the volunteer for organizing additional new units, a program device can be earned and worn on the new-unit organizer knot. The program device represents the type of unit organized (a Cub Scout pack, Boy Scout troop, Varsity team, Venturing crew, Sea Scout ship, Explorer post, or Explorer club). The knot and up to three program devices may be worn in recognition for organizing up to four new units. Multiple program devices for organizing units in the same program may be earned and worn.
- 5. The William D. Boyce New-Unit Organizer Award is not presented to the new-unit organizer until after the unit is organized and then qualifies as a Bronze unit in Journey to Excellence after achieving its first charter renewal status.

Recognition Items

- New-Unit Organizer Award
- New-Unit Organizer Award Uniform Insignia Square Knot
- Program devices to recognize additional new units organized
- "Organizer" lapel pin for civilian wear

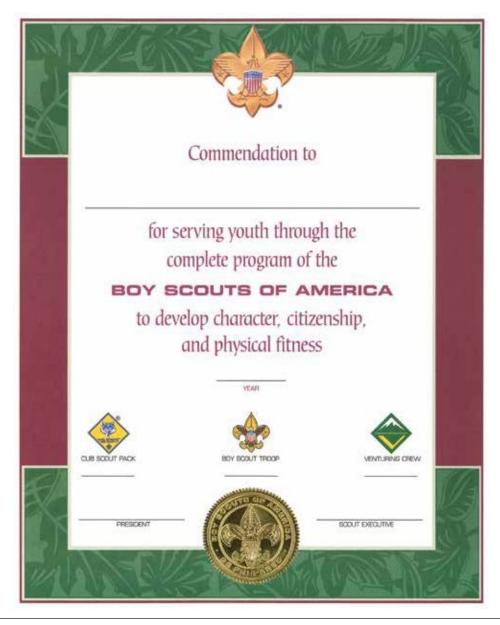
Scouting Family Organization Award

Concept: Recognize volunteers who organize a whole Scouting family in their chartered organization or other group:

- A Cub Scout pack, a Scout troop, a Venturing crew
- The ideal would be to organize all three phases of Scouting in the same organization, but this would not be a requirement.

The Award:

A specially designed BSA certificate suitable for framing is available through the National Council. Call 972-580-2000 and ask for Community Alliances.



Commissioner Award of Excellence in Unit Service Requirements



All applications for the Commissioner Award of Excellence in Unit Service must be approved by the district commissioner or assistant district commissioner, council commissioner, and council Scout executive.



Applicant's Information

Name_					
Addres	ss				
City		State	Zip code_		
Home	phone	Cell pl	none	 	
Email a	address			 	
Counc	il name	District		 	
Unit Se	on the requirements below, co ervice and submit it to the distri quent review and final approval Requirements	ict commissioner or assista	int district commissioner for	or approval and	
	Any registered commissioner who is providing direct unit service is eligible, through unit service and a project that results in improved retention of members and on-time unit charter renewal, over the course of two consecutive years. If a commissioner who is not registered as a unit commissioner wishes to earn this award, he she must work with the district commissioner where the unit(s) is/are registered.				
	Date started Youth retention at last charte				

II. **Technical Skills**

The commissioner shall consistently demonstrate the following:

- 1. The ability to use the Unit Visit Tracking System to log unit visits
- 2. The ability to provide Unit Visit Tracking System visit reports to an assistant district commissioner or district commissioner





		Total	-	Current Charters	Charters				New Unit	New Unit Prospects		Total
S .	Name of Organization	Number Available	Packs	Troops	Teams	Crews/ Ships	Total Units	Packs	Troops	Teams	Crews/ Ships	New Unit Prospects
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No. 524-403

UNREREGISTERED UNIT REPORT

0013	BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA
То:	Date:
same unit number with a record of continuous	n the date indicated and soon will drop. If this unit is to renew its charter and keep to service for the unit and its members, prompt registration is essential. We want to he to the local council service center, will help us to do so.
Council	Name
Address	Position
Pack, Troop, Team, or Crew	No. Address or district
Charter granted to Name of	organization or group Expire date
Unit tenure Numbe	of members
Leader	Chairman of unit committee
The above unit, for which we were granted a c ✓(Please check)	harter, will not reregister for the following reason.
,	
	necessary before it can be reregistered and request additional help from the district a
This unit will not reregister. The disposition	on of its funds and property is described on the reverse side.
Comments:	
	Chairman of unit committee
 Date	Chartered organization representative
IMPORTANT! Please return this report to your local	council service center as soon as completed.

CONDITIONS	S FOUND	ACTION TAKEN		RECOMMENDATIONS
		REPORT OF THE COMM	IISSIONER	
Date ——	Signe	ed		
Date —	Cigno			
	REPORT	OF THE SCOUT EXECUTIVE (OR DISTRICT EXECUT	TIVE
Date	Signed	Scout executive		cout executive
	REPOR	T OF DISPOSITION OF UNIT F	UNDS AND PROPER	ТҮ
Defende An	To Continue A Classes	be completed only if unit is to be p	permanently dropped.	ha DOA fan arranian arrandana
Refer to An	ticle XI, Section 1, Clauses	1 and 2 of the 2011 edition of the R	ules and Regulations of t	ne BSA for governing procedure.
Date	Signed		Signed	
		Committee chairman		Executive officer
		LOCAL COUNC	L ACTION	
On the basis	of this report and the above	e recommendations, (the executive	board) (the district comm	ittee), at a formal meeting on
Date	, decided:			
		de to reregister this unit before	w	hile the unit is classified
		local council and national office.	Date	
☐ 2. That e	every reasonable effort to r	eregister this unit has been made	and that the unit shall be	e dropped from the records of the
local c	council and national office.			
Dist	rict chairman, council commiss	sioner, or council president	Si	cout executive









V E N T U R I N G · B S A®

MEMBERSHIP INVENTORY

(To be conducted sixty days prior to the charter renewal date as well as during the month of December)

PURPOSE

- 1. Provides a roll call in which each unit member is contacted to determine quality of program received, to follow up on absent and inactive members, and to see if everyone is registered.
- 2. Invites each member to continue the program for another year and thus increases tenure of members.

The membership inventory is a part of the unit's charter renewal and will assist the unit in building strength with a quality program. It should be conducted sixty days prior to the unit's charter review meeting. Membership inventory is also held again in December to be sure all members are registered by year end.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Select a unit adult to lead the inventory.
- 2. Invite your commissioner to assist.

- 3. Using the computer printout for charter renewal, the commissioner and unit adults conduct an inventory of youth and adults who are still active.
- 4. All inactive members are listed and assigned to various persons who will visit them or contact them to attempt to reactivate them. Be sure to brief the visitors/callers on what to say when they make their calls.
- 5. Agree on a plan to recruit new youth and adults so the unit can reregister with no loss in membership. One of the criteria for the Journey to Excellence Unit Award is to renew the unit's charter on time.
- 6. Now make every effort to recruit additional youth and adults.
- 7. Also be sure to register any youth who are participating but are not yet registered.



524-176 2012 Printing

WHAT MAKES A TRAINED LEADER?







Adult leaders in units are considered trained and eligible to wear the official Trained emblem when they have completed Youth Protection Training and the training courses outlined below, or have completed Youth Protection Training and a previous basic training course when it was current.

Youth Protection Training is a joining requirement for all registered adults and must be retaken every two years!

CUB SCOUTING

Position-Specific for your position*

BOY SCOUTING

Scoutmaster and Assistant Scoutmaster Position-Specific and Introduction to Outdoor Leader Skills (Scoutmasters and assistants)

Troop Committee Challenge (committee members)

VARSITY SCOUTING

Varsity Coach Position-Specific and Introduction to Outdoor Leader Skills (Coaches and assistants)

Team Committee Challenge (committee members)

VENTURING & SEA SCOUTS**

Venturing Advisor Position-Specific (Advisors and assistants)

Crew Committee Challenge (committee members)

All adults in Ships: Sea Scout Adult Leader Basic

Need Help? **Contact Scouting University** 972-580-2000 www.Scouting.org/training

Pack Trainers take Pack Committee Challenge and Fundamentals of Training. ** Venturing Youth Protection Training Chartered Organization Representatives take

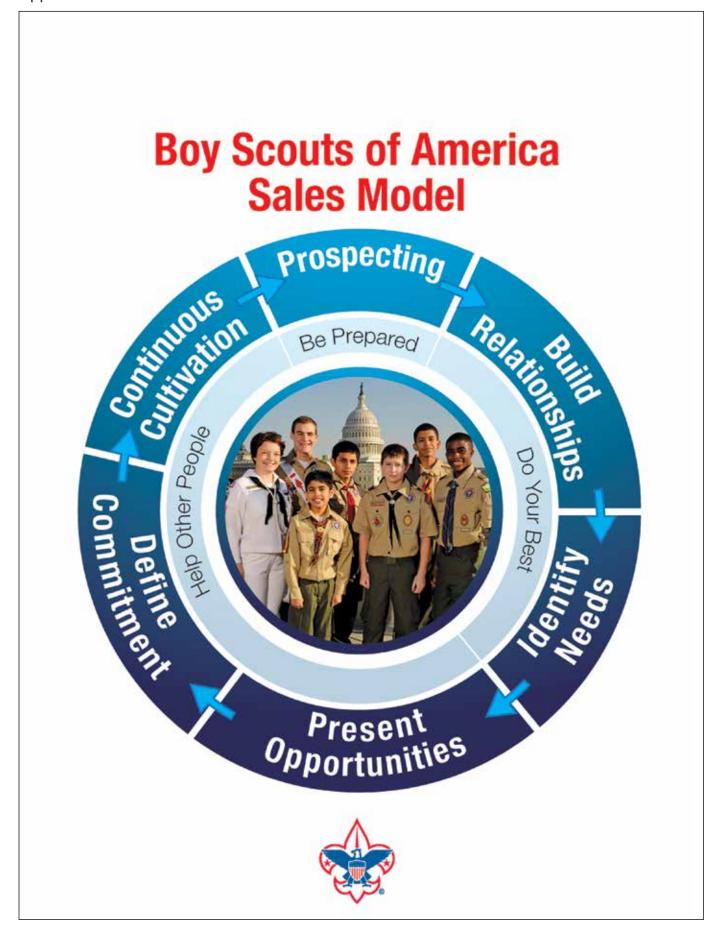
This Is Scouting and Training the Chartered Organization Representative.

11/11/2014

CHARTER OVERFLO			Council No.	Program	Unit No.	District Nam	e/Numb	er	Expire Date	Registratior Team
OVERFLO	W PAGI	_								
		Cha	rtered org	anization _						
Youth roster 🖵		Adu	ılt roster 🕻)	Use	e separate paç	ges for y	outh	and adu	ılt members.
(Prin	t First Name Firs	st)		Phone Nu	mber	Date of Birth	Grade	Sex	Boys' Life	Position
Name									Enc	
Address										
City	State	Zip								
Name										
Address										
City	State	Zip								
Name										
Address										
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	BOY	SCOUTS	OF	AMERICA
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524-421 2012 Printing



TRANSFER FORM

(YOUTH MEMBER)

PROCEDURE FOR TRANSFER



- Unit leader issues transfer form to each member transferring to another unit in the same or another council.
 Unit leader approves transfer form and includes complete Scouting record.
 Member presents transfer form to unit leader of unit being joined.
 Leader of the new unit registers member on proper application.

INFORMATION FROM UNIT THAT MEMBER IS LEAVING

OM Pack, Troop, Tea	m, Crew, Ship	No of	City and	d State	·
his member is re	gistered in thi	is unit until	_ <i>Boys' Life</i> subscription ex	pires	
		Expris dete			
leason for transfe	y				
		REGISTRATIO	ON RECORD		
Type of unit	Number	City and S	State	From	То
		SCOUTING	HISTORY		
Cub Scout	Record	Varsity Scout Record	Activity Badges and Merit Badges (Give award and date.)	Honors Se	Held and other ecured, Including
Bobcat		Letter	(Give award and date.)	Order	of the Arrow
Tiger Cub		Venturing Record			
Wolf		_			
Bear		Bronze			
Webelos		Gold			
Arrow of Light —		Silver			
Boy Scout/Varsity S	cout Record	Ranger			
		Sea Scout Ranks			
Boy Scout		Apprentice			
Tenderfoot		Ordinary			
Second Class		Able			
First Class		Quartermaster			
Star		Camping History			
Life		Number of days			
Eagle		Long-term			
Palms		Short-term			
hereby certify to the	a correctness of	of the above record.			
hereby certify to the	e coneciness (of the above record.	Unit leader		Date

15m405



LEADERSHIP TRANSFER NOTICE

Mail this form directly to the individual's new council or if this is not known, mail the form to Registration Service, S218, Boy Scouts of America, 1325 West Walnut Hill Lane, P.O. Box 152079, Irving, TX 75015-2079.

Region	Council No.

CHECK				
		l, has rendered valuable servio ter in your council to provide th		
OR	·		,	J
		, has indicated previous registi the bottom of this page.	ration in your council. Ple	ease complete
Name				
New address				
Former address				
Occupation			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Present Scouting position	1		Expire date	
Highest youth rank achiev	/ed			
Circle individual's strengtl	n(s)			
_	• •	ommissioner, unit commission	er administrative position	ne training
		outing, Venturing, camping, sp	•	-
			eciai events, unit organiz	ation, other
(specify)		REGISTRATION RECO	RD	
Position	Unit	Local Council	From	То
	1			
TI	RAINING COURSES CO	OMPLETED AND SPECIAL A	WARDS RECEIVED	
	Name of Training Course or S	pecial Award		Date
				·
Date	Signed_	Scou	ıt Executive	
New Council Name				
Address			Zip Code	
		R TRANSFER FORM (Y		

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA

NATIONAL CHARTERED ORGANIZATIONS USING THE TRADITIONAL SCOUTING PROGRAM

		December 2014							December 2013			December 2012	
Name of Organization	Packs	Cub Youth	Troops	Scout Youth	Crews	Venturing Youth	Total Units	Total Youth	Total Units	Total Youth	Total Units	Total Youth	
Civic Organization													
American Legion and Auxiliary	1,114	38,011	1,139	22,558	218	1,844	2,471	62,413	2,500	65,412	2,561	68,452	
Amvets	23	901	24	382	4	21	51	1,304	53	1,379	53	1,335	
Athletic Booster Clubs	133	3,690	93	3,030	79	1,462	305	8,182	354	11,281	392	11,690	
Boys' and Girls' Clubs	308	11,019	108	2,326	28	475	444	13,820	541	16,565	578	19,372	
Business/Industry	1,043	33,186	771	13,562		6,681	2,447	53,429	2,549	57,145	2,768	65,139	
Chambers of Commerce, Business Assn.	133	4,752	118	2,732		620	284	8,104	308	9,030	338	10,064	
Civil Air Patrol	1	63	2	21	9	121	12	205	31	643	33	710	
Civitan International	10	384	21	393	4	30	35	807	39	980	45	1,200	
Community Center, Settlement Houses	414	10,528	249	4,964	79	2,662	742	18,154	824	19,840	925	21,267	
Conservation Clubs/Izaak Walton League	77	2,525	110	2,181	92	756	279	5,462	298	5,999	304	6,576	
Councils/Districts of BSA	23	1,175	10	313	130	1,631	163	3,119	192	3,591	190	3,772	
DAV (Disabled American Veterans)	3	87	10	131	1	18	14	236	19	402	18	475	
Elks Lodges, (BPOE)	326	11,531	341	7,994	103	781	770	20,306	797	21,952	779	21,909	
Exchange Club, National	21	780	15	409			40	1,216	44	1,392	46	1,543	
Farm Bureau, Farm Cooperatives	3	85	4	38	8	229	15	352	13	436	16	431	
Fire Departments	499	16,166	503	10,455	109	872	1,111	27,493	1,147	29,458	1,188	31,088	
Fraternal Order of Eagles (FOE)	33	1,114	19	331	6	31	58	1,476	55	1,591	52	1,673	
Grange, National	41	1,270	51	1,083	8	73	100	2,426	110	2,825	112	2,942	
Groups of Citizens	1,201	46,085	694	16,214		6,784	2,265	69,083	2,615	84,013	3,106	100,591	
Homeowners Associations	113	4,581	95	2,901	14	308	222	7,790	241	8,746	266	9,416	
Hospitals	24	825	25	508		511	78	1,844	81	2,219	91	2,394	
Indian Tribal Council	12	417	5	65			20	490	21	595	33	1,047	
JayceesJunior Chamber of Commerce	14	582	4	75			19	667	20	778	20	786	
Kiwanis International	436	16,570	338	8,064			825	25,082	860	26,743	908	28,932	
Knights of Pythias	6	105	6	65			12	170	12	161	13	215	
Labor Organizations	83	5,193	20	668	2	78	105	5,939	42	1,522	114	5,561	
Law Enforcement Agencies	27	919	21	401			60	1,440	60	1,572	67	1,923	
Lions International	997	34,493	943	20,027	140	1,430	2,080	55,950	2,200	60,701	2,276	64,688	
Loyal Order of Moose	92	3,636	111	2,381		,	221	6,155	227	6,369	237	6,899	
MasonsEastern Star	113	4,539	115	2,632			265	7,532	261	8,039	295	8,629	
Men's Clubs	49	1,930	47	1,170	15	106	111	3,206	99	3,123	103	3,186	
Military Order of World Wars	7	177	7	160		40	18	377	19	397	21	391	
Non-profit Agencies	284	7,761	138	2,361		1,904	519	12,026	566	15,396	604	16,580	
Odd Fellows (IOOF) Lodge	15	541	9	176		,	29	756	31	737	28	795	
Optimist International	119	4,634	81	2,350			219	7,148	244	8,300	250	8,967	
Other Community Organizations	611	20,492	424	8,713		7,122	1,379	36,327	1,501	40,956	1,660	45,847	
Playgrounds, Recreation Centers	113	3,720	86	1,887			330	7,720	376	9,513	438	11,492	
Professional and Scientific Societies	26	1,029	24	568		,	68	2,202	72	2,321	76	2,528	
Rotary International	577	22,081	533	14,138			1,212	37,707	1,289	41,011	1,349	43,568	
Ruritan Club	87	2,476		1,861			198	4,450	221	5,259	236	5,961	
Sertoma International	16	615		124		0	21	739	20	674	25	732	
United States Power Squadrons	0	0	1	11	7	78	8	89	7	90	5	71	
VFW, Auxiliary, Cootie	453	17,494	461	10,287			1,058	29,381	1,146	34,968	1,084	31,225	
Women's Clubs	13	294		74			18	379	19	454	25	622	
YWCA, YMCA	163	4,586		873			228	5,652	258	7,369	315	8,907	
Civic Organization Total	9,856	343,042		171,657			20,929	558,805	22,382	621,947	24,043	681,591	
Percent to Total	23.99%	26.48%		20.099			20.79%	24.22%		24.90%	22.06%	25.64%	

BOY SCOUTS OF AMERICA

NATIONAL CHARTERED ORGANIZATIONS USING THE TRADITIONAL SCOUTING PROGRAM

	December 2014								Decem	ber 2013	December 2012	
Name of Organization	Packs	Cub Youth	Troops	Scout Youth	Crews	Venturing Youth	Total Units	Total Youth	Total Units	Total Youth	Total Units	Total Youth
Religious Organization												
African Methodist Episcopal	56	1,062	52	630	4	32	112	1,724	130	2,058	150	2,422
African Methodist Episcopal Zion	22	360	18	217	2	55	42	632	43	767	47	882
Armenian Church of America	12	94	21	332	24	257	57	683	61	834	74	876
Assemblies of God	24	749	25	486	6	56	55	1,291	75	1,592	90	2,227
Baptist Churches	1,221	41,649	1,203	24,241	170	1,182	2,594	67,072	3,499	90,484	3,934	106,676
Buddhist Churches of America	29	710	31	874	. 8	52	68	1,636	69	1,698	68	1,744
Catholic Church	3,745	145,094	3,411	93,671	643	5,415	7,799	244,180	8,144	259,839	8,410	274,047
Christian Church (Disciples of Christ)	417	15,567	423	9,245	78	576	918	25,388	1,081	30,083	1,156	33,368
Christian Methodist Episcopal Church	39	1,285	39	782	. 7	56	85	2,123	90	2,007	97	2,007
Church of Christ	179	6,629	183	4,085	45	332	407	11,046	491	13,574	540	15,435
Church of God	82	2,386	75	1,318		115	173	3,819	208	4,368	233	5,197
Church of the Brethren	43	1,383	34	784		43	83	2,210	98	2,537	104	2,870
Church of the Nazarene	63	2,123	56	948	9	60	128	3,131	154	3,786	157	4,197
Community Churches	429	15,757	380	9,799	91	704	900	26,260	1,002	29,906	1,051	32,013
Community of Christ	28	910	33	722		27	65	1,659	67	1,813	63	1,937
Episcopal Church	492	20,868	573	17,794		2,095	1,203	40,757	1,180	41,277	1,180	41,525
Evangelical/Independent Churches	111	3,312	110	2,791	26	217	247	6,320	304	7,919	301	8,225
Friends, Society of (Quakers)	12	402	16	523	4	30	32	955	34	1,011	37	1,161
Islam, Muslim, Masjid	35	1,310	30	955	5	30	70	2,295	75	2,226	80	2,262
Jewish Synagogues and Centers	62	1,499	67	1,342	9	89	138	2,930	148	3,292	154	3,668
Lutheran Church	1,575	58,799	1,687	45,061	331	2,406	3,593	106,266	3,732	111,790	3,835	116,739
Moravian Church in America	15	502	15	346		17	33	865	35	960	36	1,052
Orthodox Churches, (Greek, Russian, etc)	22	440	25	650	8	98	55	1,188	56	1,200	56	1,061
Other Churches	281	9,796	323	7,894	58	498	662	18,188	804	21,912	874	23,715
Pentecostal Churches	25	568	14	182	3	29	42	779	73	1,231	105	1,771
Presbyterian Church	1,359	57,359	1,677	51,738	331	2,631	3,367	111,728	3,522	119,961	3,600	125,539
Reformed Church in America	49	1,882	62	1,717		80	121	3,679	123	3,933	127	4,077
The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints	10,658	152,519	19,482	229,224	8,028	67,334	38,168	449,077	37,941	437,274	37,863	430,625
The Salvation Army	44	895	30	469	6	41	80	1,405	101	1,721	129	2,227
United Church of Christ, Congregational Church	476	18,696	550	15,334	102	789	1,128	34,819	1,160	36,410	1,196	38,347
United Methodist Church	4,819	198,430	4,770	125,954	914	6,826	10,503	331,210	10,720	350,022	10,906	365,565
Religious Organization Total	26,424	763,035	35,415	650,108	11,089	92,172	72,928	1,505,315	75,220	1,587,485	76,653	1,653,457
Percent to Total	64.33%	58.91%	79.25%	76.10%	% 74.38%	58.46%	72.44%	65.24%	71.53%	63.57%	70.34%	62.21%
Educational Organization												
Business-to-School Support Agencies	15	558	5	124	4	232	24	914	27	1,302	43	1,579
Correctional Institutions	15	357	35	732	61	1,668	111	2,757	142	3,680	143	3,825
Foreign Schools and Agencies	16	285	10	198	3	104	29	587	34	746	34	672
Handicapped Resources	47	1,112	73	1,153	76	1,467	196	3,732	238	4,389	287	5,068
Parent - Teacher Groups other than PTA	2,185	91,651	444	13,404	108	2,998	2,737	108,053	3,081	126,537	3,443	144,160
Parent Teacher Associations	1,132	47,895	187	4,163	23	550	1,342	52,608	1,471	59,960	1,539	64,710
Private Schools	1,387	47,346	586	12,718	402	14,358	2,375	74,422	2,565	91,285	2,786	102,990
Educational Organization Total	4,797	189,204	1,340	32,492	677	21,377	6,814	243,073	7,558	287,899	8,275	323,004
Percent to Total	11.68%	14.61%	3.00%	3.80%	% 4.54%	13.56%	6.77%	10.54%	7.19%	11.53%	7.59%	12.15%
Grand Total:	41,077	1,295,281	44,686	854,257	14,908	157,655	100,671	2,307,193	105,160	2,497,331	108,971	2,658,052

Lone Cub Scouts and Lone Boy Scouts are not included in the total youth figures 1/22/2015 7:57:40 PM

(SAMPLE DRAFT)

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING Between

(ORGANIZATION'S LOGO)

(Name of Organization) And Boy Scouts of America



WHEREAS (Name of Organization)) and Boy Scouts of America (BSA) would like to establish a valuable and productive relationship on behalf of boys, young adults and their families for many years to come; we now enter into this Agreement for the purpose of confirming a framework for a cooperative relationship under which (Name of Organization) and BSA will assist one another in areas of mutual interest.

WHEREAS, (Name of Organization) is	a leader in these areas:	
needed skills throughdevelopmento	f standards and training r	, and provides naterials; and
WHEREAS, (Name of Organization's) opportunity to develop leadership sk awareness of	ills and responsibility, exp	-
WHEREAS, it is the mission of the Boy choices over their lifetimes by instilling Venturing Oath; and	·	
		and support to the citizenshiptraining, gmen and women through community
the policies, procedures, safety guide nurture Cub Scout Packs, Boy Scout T	elinesand regulations of e roops and Venturing Crev	
of organization) and their respective	affiliates, licensees, vend	nitiative, includingwebsites of (name ors and (name of organization) will be of organization) before they are issued.
(Name)	 Date	Michael Surbaugh
(Title) (Name of Organization)		Chief Scout Executive Boy Scouts of America
(Nume of Organization)		Buy Scouts of America

UNIT BUDGET PLAN

Take first things first. If your job is to manage funds, your firsts are basics: basic income, basic spending, and basic needs.

If your job is to manage funds for a Cub Scout pack, Boy Scout troop, Varsity Scout team, or Venturing crew, your basics still come first, and they are the same whether the unit is in Hawaii or Maine. They should be planned and budgeted FIRST. Once you develop a sound budgeting plan for basics, you can add other things, such as your individual programming or equipment needs.

The total is a well-managed, well-financed unit. Recognizing this, the Boy Scouts of America recommends a basic unit budget plan, including 10 parts divided into three categories: basic expenses, other expenses, and sources of income.

BASIC EXPENSES

1. Unit Liability Insurance Fee. Units are required to pay a unit liability insurance fee of \$40. This fee shall be submitted with the unit's charter application and will help defray the expenses for the general liability insurance program.

Here are the recommended basic expense items per youth member: Registration\$15

Boys' Life 12 Let's look at each basic expense.

2. Registration. When a youth joins, normally the unit asks them to pay the full \$15 national registration fee, regardless of the number of months remaining in the unit's charter year. The unit sends to the council the prorated amount for those remaining months. Note that fees are figured on a monthly basis: 1 month \$1.25; 2 months \$2.50; 3 months \$3.75; 4 months \$5; 5 months \$6.25; 6 months \$7.50; 7 months \$8.75; 8 months \$10; 9 months \$11.25; 10 months \$12.50; 11 months \$13.75; 12 months \$15.

The balance of the youth's fee is kept in the unit treasury to supplement dues in paying the next full year's fee. This procedure ensures prompt registration at charter renewal time.

3. Boys' Life magazine, the official publication of the Boy Scouts of America, is available to all members at \$12 (half the regular rate). Every youth should subscribe to Boys' Life because of the quality reading and the articles related to your unit's monthly program. It is part of a youth's growth in Scouting, and research proves Scouts will stay in longer and advance farther if they read Boys' Life. If the reserve funds allow, the new Scout, during the charter year, should be signed up for Boys' Life on a pro rata basis.

When reserve funds do not pay for the subscription, then the youth or his parents may be asked for the amount. They should understand that the Boys' Life subscription cost is not a required part of the national membership fee. On late registrations, it may be necessary to deliver back issues.

4. Unit Accident Insurance. Each unit should be covered by unit accident insurance to help meet the costs of medical care if accidents occur during a Scouting activity. The majority of the councils purchase Council Accident and Sickness insurance, which means you are already covered for accidents and sicknesses. Check with your council to see if they already have the insurance. If not, there is an Accident plan available through Health Special Risk (HSR). Your council can provide you with a brochure that details the plan. Below are the fees from September 1, 2013, through December 31, 2014, from HSR:

Accident insurance, minimum \$25 per unit or:

- *Unit accident insurance for Cub Scouts...... \$1.50 *Unit accident insurance for Boy Scouts...... 3.35 *Unit accident insurance for Varsity Scouts... 3.35
- *Unit accident insurance for Venturers...... 4.75

*The same rates apply for registered Scouters; minimum \$25 insurance premium per unit.

Because LDS units have coverage through Deseret Mutual, it is not necessary to purchase unit accident insurance through HSR.

5. Reserve Fund. The reserve fund might be established by a gift or loan from the chartered organization or by a unit money-earning project. The reserve fund should meet unexpected expenses that occur before dues are collected or other money is earned. A new member's initial expenses may be met from the fund.

A small portion of each youth's basic expenses is budgeted to maintain this fund. If the reserve fund falls below this amount, it should be restored through a money-earning project or other means.

6. Other Basic Expenses. These basic expenses include insignia of membership and rank for each Scout to ensure prompt recognition, and literature required by unit adult and youth leaders. Because service to others is fundamental in Scouting, the budget should include a goodwill project, Good Turn, or a gift to the World Friendship Fund.

OTHER EXPENSES

- 7. Program Materials. Each unit needs to provide a certain amount of program materials. For example, it should have a United States flag, unit flags, and equipment and supplies for its regular program.
- **8.** Activities. The size of the budgeted amount for activities depends on the unit program. Usually, such activities as Cub Scout pinewood derbies, Boy Scout hikes, camping, or Varsity Scout high-adventure trips are financed by the Scout and his family over and above the dues program.

As a special note, refreshments at parties or parents' meetings can be homemade or met by a cover charge or "kitty" at the event. Regular unit funds should not be used for this purpose.

SOURCES OF INCOME

9. Dues. Most people agree that the habit of regularly meeting financial obligations is desirable. The financial plan of any unit should include participation by a youth in a regular dues plan. An annual unit fee, too often completely contributed by parents, does little to teach responsibility. However, if the youth has to set aside a little each week for a desired item such as dues, they learn how to budget their own income. Paying dues regularly is not easy, but it does help develop character. It teaches individuals responsibility and a wholesome attitude toward earning their own way.



The weekly or monthly dues envelopes for Cub Scout dens and Boy Scout patrols provide a handy means of recording dues for youth who pay on a regular basis, catch up on back dues, or pay in advance. Varsity Scout teams may use the Boy Scout dues envelopes. If a Scout is behind in dues, adult leaders should find out why. Adult leaders may also help provide a solution through individual work projects.

Regardless of your dues collection plan, or how many months or weeks they are collected, individual dues should cover the basic expenses totaling (pack) \$35.00, (troop) \$36.85, (team) \$36.85, and (crew) \$38.25 as shown in the recommended budget. You may also want dues to cover a part of the program and activity budget.

10. Money-Earning Projects. A well-rounded unit program requires supplemental income. It might come from the sale of a product or a project involving the talents, participation, or efforts of the unit members or families. Policies and procedures are in the financial record books for packs, troops, teams, and crews.

Most projects require the submission of the Unit Money-Earning Application, No. 34427, to the local council service center. To ensure conformity with all Scouting standards on money earning, leaders should be familiar with the eight guides listed on the back of the application and in the financial record books.

OTHER RESOURCES

Additional information concerning unit budget plans, the treasurer's job, camp savings, forms, and records is in Troop/Team Record Book, No. 34508; Cub Scout Leader Book, No. 33221; Varsity Scout Leader Guidebook, No. 34827; and Venturing Leader Manual, No. 34655.

BUDGET WORK SHEET

To develop your unit budget, complete with the unit leader the work sheet below, and then have it adopted by the unit committee.

In the case of Boy Scout troops, the patrol leaders' council reviews the budget and puts it in final form prior to study and adoption by the troop committee. Be sure to keep parents informed.

Expected Income for Year

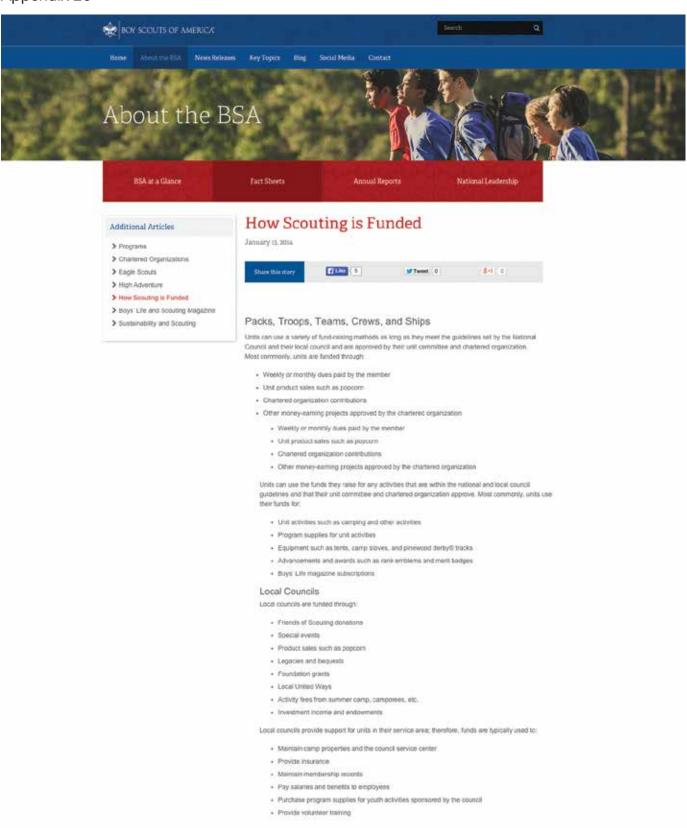
Number of meetings		
Amount of dues each meeting	\$	
Annual dues per member (dues x number of meetings)	\$0.00	
Average membership in a year		
Total dues per year (9) (annual dues x average membership)		\$0.00
Other income (10)		
	\$	
	\$	
	\$	
Total other income		\$0.00
Total budgeted income (total dues + total other income)		\$0.00

Budgeted Expenses for Year

Registration (2)	\$15.00	
Boys' Life (3)	12.00	
Unit accident insurance for Cub Scouts (4)	1.50	
Unit accident insurance for Boy Scouts (4)	3.35	
Unit accident insurance for Varsity Scouts (4)	3.35	
Unit accident insurance for Venturers (4)	4.75	
Reserve fund (5)	1.00	
Other basic expenses (6) (badges, literature, goodwill)	5.50	
a. Total per boy (pack)	\$35.00	
Total per boy (troop)	36.85	
Total per boy (team)	36.85	
Total per youth (crew)	38.25	
b. Average yearly membership	0	
Total basic expenses (items a x b)		\$0.00
Unit liability insurance fee (1)		\$40.00_
Program materials (7)		\$
Activities (8)		\$
Total budgeted expenses (total basic		
expenses + program materials + activities unit liability insurance fee)	+	\$_40.00

Note: The boldface numbers above match the item to the related section on this form. If you have questions on any item, refer to the explanatory material.

> 524-426 2013 Printing



National Council The National Council is funded by: Secut supply sales Nembership fees . Grants from foundations Legacies and bequests Corporate sponsorships The National Council provides program materials and support for local councils. The National Council . Development of program materials and resources Infrastructure support for local councils such as maintaining membership database and reporting functions Development of professional and volunteer training materials. - Salaries and benefits for employees Follow official BNA coroll channels for updates from the BDA Cold Sensia, BEAP-shike stime, righ Adventure Sases, and the rest of the ESA Samily Comment How we Designation of other questions in terms of the

Applications are not required for council-coordinated moneyearning projects such as popcorn sales or Scout show ticket sales. Please submit this application to your council service center at least two weeks prior to committing to your money-earning project. Read the eight guidelines on the other side of this form. They will assist you in answering the questions below. Pack Troop No Chartered Organization Team Crew Community District Submits the following plans for its money-earning project and requests permission what is your unit's money-earning plan? About how much does your unit expect to earn from this project? Does your chartered organization give full approval for this plan? What are the proposed dates? Are tickets or a product to be sold? Please specify. Will your members be in uniform while carrying out this project? (See items 3–6 or the sold of the	n to carry them out. _ How will this money be used?
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,	•
Signed	
•	
(Chartered Organization Representative)	(Unit Leader)
Signed	
(Chairman, Unit Committee)	(Address of Chairman)
	·
Approved subject to the following conditions	

Unit Service Plan



District New-Unit Chart for Unit Performance Guide Methodology (UPG)

	(How to	establish a New l	Jnit th	at is p	osit	ioned	to s	uccee	d)		
							Counci	l			
Membership Chair							Execut	ive			
PROGRESS:	YEAR GOAL	ACHIEVED TO DATE									
NEW PACKS: NEW TROOPS:											
NEW TEAMS:											
NEW CREWS: NEW POSTS:											
TOTAL NEW UNITS:											
				Whole	Scouting	Family		Type of Unit	Date New-Unit	Date New-Unit	Date Began
Prospect List of Top Potential Chartered Organizations				w Registered (Check)	CREW	SHIP	to be	Organizer	Commissioner	4 Pillars UPG Steps
	rotential chartered organ	IIZACIOTIS	PACK	TROOP	IEAM	CREW	SHIP	Organized	Assigned	Assigned	ura steps

Year _____

PILLAR I KNOW THE MARKET				PILLAR II MAKE THE CALL				PILLAR III BUILD THE UNIT				PILLAR IV GROW THE UNIT			
1 Review Council Market Analyis Report for your council by	New-unit commissioner assigned by district commissioner	3 New-unit organizer assigned by district membership chair	4 Develop priority list of prospective chartered organizations	Organizing team NUO and NUC set up appointment with the head of the organization	Secure and define commitment with the head of the organization	3 Identify, recruit, and train chartered organization representative (non-multiple registered)	A NUC and NUO work with organization to develop unit volunteer team to oversee the establishment of the unit	Unit volunteer team (with NUO) recruits and trains five (or more) unit volunteer leaders	2 NUO formalizes fundralsing, recruitment, leadership succession, and budget plans with unit leaders	3 NUC assists unit leaders with unit program planning	4 NUO assists unit leaders in recruiting 10 or more youth	1 Charter presented; unit begins meeting	2 NUC meets monthly with unit Key 3	3 NUC develops unit service plan with unit leaders	4 At least Bronze JTE level and first charter renewal with more than 10 youth and five adults
zip codes															

Pillar I: Know the Market	
Review Council Market Analysis Report for council by zip codes	Go to MyBSA. Click on Resources, click on Council Market Analysis Reports, and select your council. Find the zip codes for your district.
New-unit commissioner assigned by district commissioner	At the first stage of organizing a new unit, a new-unit commissioner needs to be assigned and stay with the unit for three years.
3. New-unit organizer assigned by district membership chair	At the first stage of organizing new units, a unit organizer needs to be assigned to assist the district executive and new-unit commissioner.
Develop priority list of prospective chartered organizations	Use the worksheet on the previous page to list current chartered organizations that have the whole Scouting family and those that do not.
Pillar II: Make the Call	
Organizing team NUO and NUC set up appointment with the head of the organization	Volunteer driven, professionally guided. District executive works with new-unit organizer and new-unit commissioner.
2. Secure and define commitment with the head of the organization	Organizing team presents options and secures and defines commitment.
3. Identify, recruit, and train chartered organization representative (non-multiple registered)	District training team shares important roles of the chartered organization representative and their role in the unit Key 3, district, and council.
4. NUC and NUO work with organization to develop unit volunteer team to oversee establishment of the unit	Direct contact leaders and unit committee members are prospected and approved by the chartered organization.
Pillar III: Build the Unit	
Unit volunteer team (with NUO) recruits and trains five (or more) unit volunteer leaders	Direct contact leaders and unit committee members are recruited and trained by the chartered organization.
NUO formalizes fundraising, recruitment, leadership succession, and budget plans with unit leaders	Begin unit organization structure and strategy for youth and adults; have in place finance and budget plans.
3. NUC assists unit leaders with unit program planning	Unit plans year-round program and activities beginning with a fun startup event.
4. NUO assists unit leaders in recruiting 10 or more youth	Organize two dens or two patrols to ensure youth have a quality program with proper leadership.
Dillow IV. Cross the Linit	
Pillar IV: Grow the Unit 1. Charter presented; unit begins meeting	Charter presentation can be made at an organization event or a meeting with the chartered organization representative and the head of the institution.
2. NUC meets monthly with unit Key 3	The role of the new-unit commissioner is to meet monthly with the unit Key 3 and provide guidance, support, and resources to grow the unit.
3. NUC develops unit service plan with unit leaders	The new-unit commissioner develops a unit plan to identify needed resources for the unit from the district and council.
4. At least reach Bronze JTE level and first charter renewal with more than 10 youth and five adults	The new-unit commissioner helps the unit grow and succeed through the first and second charter renewal cycles, and to reach JTE bronze level.



